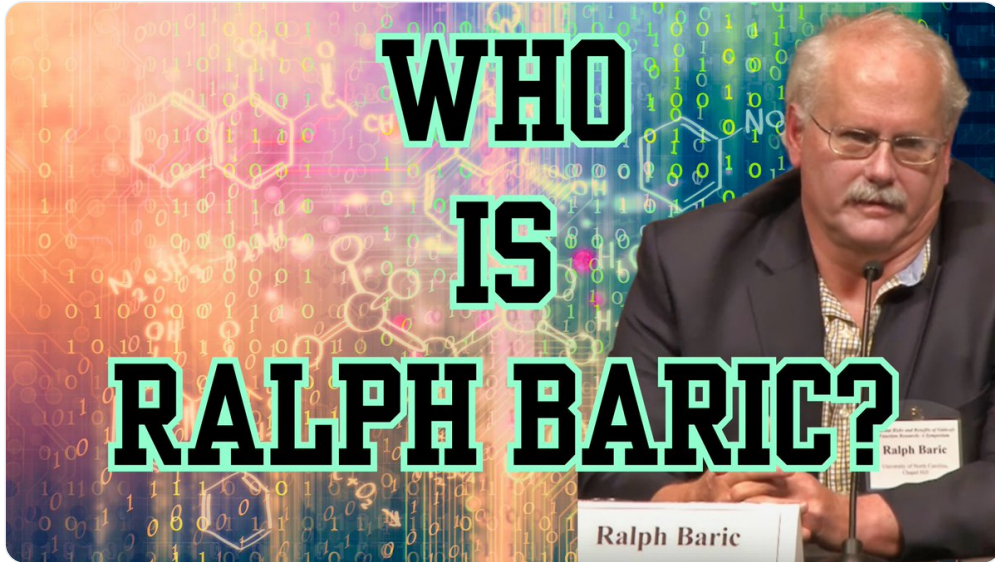





**Destiny Rezendes** @dezzie\_rezzie

Oct 25, 2023 · 13 tweets · [dezzie\\_rezzie/status/1716984766342279480](#)



1 🔍 Who is Ralph Baric, really? We all know that he's the world's expert on coronaviruses & he is implicated in the lab leak 'theory' that resulted in the C19 pandemic, but do you REALLY know Baric & how important his role in C19 is?



2 📖 In previous threads I have extensively looked into the career of Ralph Baric. Along the way I discovered that Baric's wife, Antoinette 'Toni' also works at UNC Chapel Hill as the school's Grant Specialist. Convenient.



**Toni Baric**  
 Business Officer at University of North Carolina  
 Chapel Hill, North Carolina, United States · [Contact info](#)  
 157 connections

 UNC Chapel Hill  
 Cal Poly Pomona

[Connect](#)
[Message](#)
[More](#)

**Activity**  
 159 followers
 

Toni Baric commented on a post • 2mo

I am sorry to hear Stefan.


---

Toni Baric commented on a post • 4mo

Can wait until my issue comes in. Congratulations!

[Show all comments →](#)

**Experience**



**Grants Specialist**  
 UNC Chapel Hill  
 2007 - Present · 16 yrs 10 mos

3 📖 When looking into this months ago I noticed Baric's CV listed his family member, which confirmed Antoinette Baric was indeed Ralph's wife. Also listed were two daughters [Cristina & Michelle], & two son's [Michael & Thomas]

**Curriculum Vitae**  
**Ralph S. Baric**

**I. PERSONAL INFORMATION:**

<b>A. Business Address:</b> Department of Epidemiology School of Public Health University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill McGaveran-Greenberg Hall, CB# 7435 Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27599-7435 Phone: 919-966-3895	<b>Home Address:</b> 2600 Northstream Ct Haw River, NC 27258 336-578-1575
<b>B. Personal Data</b> Born: April 3, 1954 US Citizen	<b>Married:</b> Antoinette Baric <b>Children:</b> Cristina, Michelle, Michael, Thomas

**II. EDUCATION:**

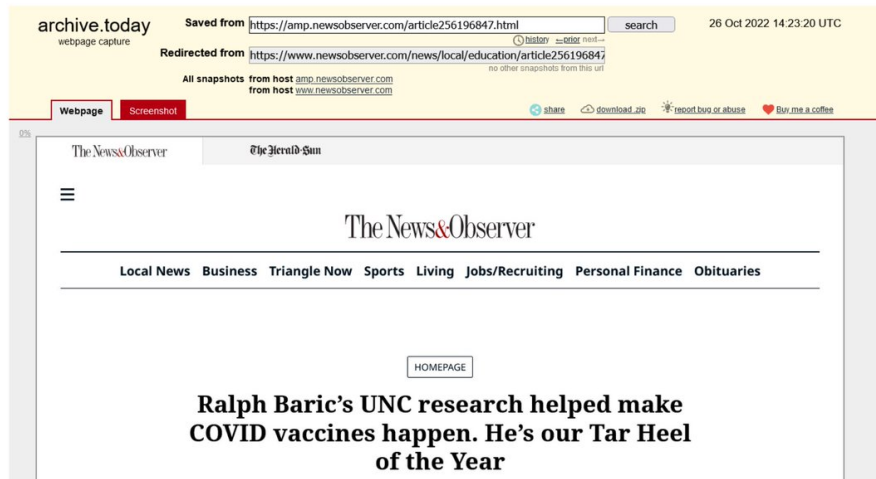
- North Carolina State University, Raleigh, North Carolina, B.S., Zoology, 1977
- North Carolina State University, Raleigh, North Carolina, Ph.D., Microbiology, 1983
- University of Southern California, School of Medicine, Department of Microbiology and Neurology, Post-doctoral Fellow, 1982-1986

**III. PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE:**

- Assistant Professor, Department of Parasitology and Laboratory Practice, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, March 1986-June 1990
- Assistant Professor, Department of Epidemiology, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, July 1990-June 1993.
- Associate Professor, Department of Epidemiology, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, July 1993-2001.
- Associate Professor, Department of Microbiology and Immunology, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, July 1993-2001
- Professor, Department of Epidemiology, Department of Microbiology and Immunology, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, July 2001-current

4 📖 In December of 2021, the NC regional Pulitzer-prize winning newspaper wrote a glowing article about Ralph Baric, announcing that he had just been given the highest civilian honor in the state by the governor. The article mentioned almost all aspects of Baric's life-almost..

Link: <https://archive.ph/DQreQ>



For his contributions to the development of the Moderna vaccine as well as [Remdesivir](#) and [Molnupiravir](#), which are COVID-19 drug treatments, Baric is The News & Observer's 2021 Tar Heel of the Year. The distinction honors North Carolina residents who have made significant contributions to the state and region — and in this case, the world.

Dr. Ralph Baric, a scientist at UNC-Chapel Hill's Gillings School of Global Public Health, has studied coronaviruses for decades. Baric and researchers in his lab helped develop the Moderna vaccine and treatments for COVID-19 like Remdesivir. BY JULIA WALL

#### A COMMITMENT TO THE PROCESS

Baric's research was the basis for multiple vaccines, including Moderna, which was tested on animal models in his UNC-CH lab before it was given to people. His team also conducted the pre-clinical development for the only approved direct-acting antiviral drug, [Remdesivir, to treat COVID-19 patients](#) in hospitals. Baric's lab also studied [Molnupiravir, which is the first antiviral pill](#) shown to treat COVID-19 and was authorized for emergency use last month.

Link: <https://archive.ph/DQreQ>

#### 'HIS POP POP FIGHTS THE CORONAVIRUS'

Cristina Layne, Baric's daughter, appreciated the personal guidance from one of the world's leading experts as she navigated the uncertainty of the pandemic with her toddlers. The laughter Baric brought to their home while running around, rolling on the floor and letting his grandkids beat up on him for hours was just as important.

Layne's 4-year-old son also loved watching Baric on the news, and he knows that his Pop Pop fights the coronavirus. He likes to pretend he can be a superhero, too, saying he'll fight it with a microscope.

"I think it's impressive to have the weight of the world on your shoulders and ... he can let loose and relax for a few moments to give himself some peace and reduce any anxiety that he might be feeling," Layne said.

Michael Baric, Baric's son, is a swim coach at UNC-CH who faced the difficulties of trying to carefully operate an athletic program and team during the pandemic.

Once vaccines were on the horizon, the level of hope rose in the athletic department — not because the pandemic was almost over, but because there was something to look forward to, he said.

Link: <https://archive.ph/DQreQ>

"It made me very proud, because I know he played a huge role in that," Michael Baric said.

For Toni, her husband brought a sense of relief during the pandemic and pride as she collected messages of gratitude from others.

One email came from a UNC-CH faculty member whose sister recovered from COVID-19 after being treated with Remdesivir. Another email was sent by a mom who thanked Baric for saving her son's life.

"The state and the country and the world are really lucky that Ralph did that, starting decades ago," said Johnston, a professor emeritus of microbiology and immunology at the UNC School of Medicine and the executive director of the nonprofit organization Global Vaccines Inc.

Link: <https://archive.ph/DQreQ>

5 📖 The article mentions his wife, Toni, their long history at UNC, their son, Michael who also works at UNC as a swim coach, their daughter, Cristina & even Baric's grandkids. No mention tho of Michelle & Thomas Baric. The other children...



In 2015, Baric and his colleagues at UNC-CH started working on Remdesivir, without knowing that in a few years it would be saving lives of patients at the hospital across the street and at those around the country. More than half of patients hospitalized with COVID-19 are given Remdesivir, according to [biopharmaceutical company Gilead Sciences](#).

About two to three years before the COVID-19 pandemic, Baric and his colleagues started testing mRNA-based vaccines against other coronaviruses. The mRNA vaccines essentially teach cells how to make a protein that triggers an immune response that attacks the virus. Scientists like Baric have been pioneering that technology since the 1990s.

Their data was “spectacular” in animal models of human disease in how it could neutralize the virus through immune responses and protect young and old animals from lethal disease, Baric said. That data was rolling out just as SARS CoV-2 emerged, so Baric and other scientists used it as the foundation to develop vaccines to fight COVID-19.

Link: <https://archive.ph/DQreQ>

In collaboration with the NIH, Baric's lab was charged with developing similar animal models to test vaccine candidates by April 2020 and gather data by the end of June 2020, so it could be sent to the FDA to get approval for Phase 3 testing in humans, which began in August 2020.

“That trusting relationship and their expertise in animal model development allowed for early understanding of how efficacious COVID-19 vaccines were and undoubtedly led to the record speed of development,” Corbett said.

She is an [assistant professor of immunology and infectious diseases at Harvard University](#) who worked with Baric while earning her doctorate at UNC-CH. Corbett helped develop the Moderna vaccine as a research fellow at the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases' Vaccine Research Center.

Graham, former deputy director of the NIAID Research Center at NIH, called Baric “the premier coronavirologist in the world.”

Link: <https://archive.ph/DQreQ>

#### PREPARING FOR THE NEXT OUTBREAK

While Baric and his team have hit remarkable milestones throughout the pandemic, the celebratory moments have been fleeting.

The day before a U.S. Food and Drug Administration panel gave preliminary approval to [Molnupiravir](#) in November, the [omicron variant emerged](#). Baric's lab geared up to respond to that variant to understand its biology, its impact on therapeutics, vaccines and drugs, and how best to counter it if some of the products that are on a shelf lose their potency, Baric explained.

**Accomplishments:** Inducted into the National Academy of Sciences in 2021; UNC System [O. Max Gardner Award](#) in 2021; North Carolina Award in 2020.

**Fun fact:** Before the pandemic, Baric and his wife would eat lunch together nearly every day at UNC-Chapel Hill. Sometimes they would invite their son, Michael, who also works at UNC.

Link: <https://archive.ph/DQreQ>

6 🧐 I found this very odd. Not only was Thomas Baric missing from the article, but also from Baric's CV. It took some digging but lo' & behold, Thomas Baric ALSO works at UNC, in fact he's on his way to follow his dad's footsteps; working on viruses/vaccines!

**EurekAlert!** AAAS

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NEWS RELEASE 25 JUN 2021

### Scientists discover how dengue vaccine fails to protect against disease

UNC-Chapel Hill scientists identified the small subpopulation of antibodies in vaccinated children that correlate with protection against dengue fever. This research should help shape better vaccines

Peer-Reviewed Publication  
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA HEALTH CARE

Media Contact  
mark derewicz  
University of North Carolina Health Care  
[mark.derewicz@unh.unc.edu](mailto:mark.derewicz@unh.unc.edu)  
Office: 919-966-9037

More on this News Release

Scientists discover how dengue vaccine fails to protect against disease  
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA HEALTH CARE

"Our results suggest that a safe and effective dengue virus vaccine needs to stimulate neutralizing antibodies targeting unique sites on each of the four dengue serotypes," Adams said. "Not merely the neutralizing antibodies against cross-reactive epitopes common to all four dengue types."

Link: <https://www.eurekalert.org/news-releases/903503>

Advertisement

ASM Journals / mBio / Vol. 10, No. 5  
/ Role of Zika Virus Envelope Protein Domain III as a Target of Human Neutralizing Antibodies

Observation | 17 September 2019



## Role of Zika Virus Envelope Protein Domain III as a Target of Human Neutralizing Antibodies

Authors: Emily N. Gallichotte, Ellen F. Young, Thomas J. Baric, Boyd L. Yount, Stefan W. Metz, Matthew C. Begley, Aravinda M. de Silva, Ralph S. Baric | [AUTHORS INFO & AFFILIATIONS](#)


DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1128/mbio.01485-19> | [Check for updates](#)

20 / 4,574






Link: <https://journals.asm.org/doi/10.1128/mbio.01485-19>

**MUCK RACK**
For PR Pros For Journalists


**Thomas J. Baric**  
 As seen in: [Cell Press](#)

**ARTICLES**

**Role of Zika Virus Envelope Protein Domain III as a Target of Human Neutralizing Antibodies**  
 4 YEARS AGO | By Emily N. Gallichotte, Ellen Young, Thomas J. Baric | [asm.org](#)  
 Observation | Host-Microbe Biology Emily N. Gallichotte, Ellen F. Young, Thomas J. Baric, Boyd L. Yount, Stefan W. Metz, Matthew C. Begley, Aravinda M. de Silva, Ralph S. Baric, J. S. Malik Peiris, Editor DOI: 10.1128/mbio.01485-19  
 ABSTRACT Zika virus (ZIKV) is a flavivirus that is structurally highly similar to the related viruses, dengue virus (DENV), West Nile virus, and yellow fever virus.  


**Genetic Variation between Dengue Virus Type 4 Strains Impacts Human Antibody Binding and Neutralization**  
 5 YEARS AGO | By Emily N. Gallichotte, Thomas J. Baric, Usha Nivarthi, Matthew J. Delacruz | [Cell Press](#)   
 There is amino acid variability within the envelope protein across DENV4 genotypes. There are four distinct DENV serotypes, and within DENV4, there are five distinct genotypes. The impact of genotypic diversity is not known, nor is it clear whether infection with one DENV4 genotype results in protective immunity against the other genotypes. To measure the impact of DENV4 genetic diversity, we generated an isogenic panel of viruses containing the envelope protein from the different genotypes.  


[SEE ALL 2 ARTICLES](#)

Link: <https://muckrack.com/thomas-j-baric>

The screenshot shows the NIH RePORTER interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'RePORT' and 'RePORTER' logos, and links for 'FAQs', 'API', 'ExPORTER', and 'Sign In'. Below this is a 'Search Results' section with a 'Project Details' link. The main content area is titled 'PRECLINICAL ASSAYS TO PREDICT TETRAVALENT DENGUE VACCINE EFFICACY'. It includes a 'Description' tab, a 'Project Number' (1R01AI125198-01), a 'Contact PI/Project Leader' (DESILVA, ARAVINDA M.), and an 'Awardee Organization' (UNIV OF NORTH CAROLINA CHAPEL HILL). The 'Description' tab is active, showing an 'Abstract Text' section. The abstract text discusses the development of a chimeric Yellow Fever-Dengue tetravalent live virus vaccine (CYD-TDV) and its efficacy in human studies. A 'Link' is provided below the screenshot: <https://reporter.nih.gov/search/0vwNTqyltkC2pzco-LNSA/project-details/9153244>

7 📖 Thomas Baric is listed as a scientist and co-author of multiple papers with his father Ralph working on the same studies that Ralph had been working on leading up to the pandemic including federally funded work. However, you don't find him if you search UNC's website. 🤔

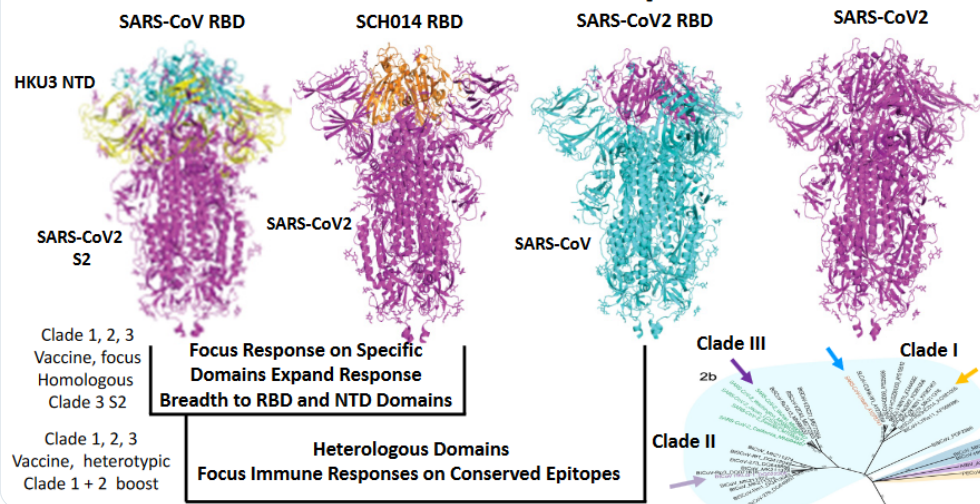
The screenshot shows the UNC School of Medicine website. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'UNC SCHOOL OF MEDICINE' and 'UNC Chapel Hill' logos, and links for 'UNC Health', 'Research', and 'Login'. Below this is a search bar with the text 'Thomas Baric' and a 'Search' button. The search results section is titled 'Search Results for "Thomas Baric"'. It shows a search bar with the text 'Thomas Baric' and a 'Search' button. Below the search bar, there's a 'No Results' message. A 'Link' is provided below the screenshot: [https://www.med.unc.edu/?s=%22Thomas+Baric%22&cx=017059784719810698204%3A1j2ibo0i4wo&cof=FORID%3A106ie=UTF-8&searchbtn=Search&search\\_type=gsc#gsc.tab=0&gsc.q=%22Thomas%20Baric%22&gsc.page=1](https://www.med.unc.edu/?s=%22Thomas+Baric%22&cx=017059784719810698204%3A1j2ibo0i4wo&cof=FORID%3A106ie=UTF-8&searchbtn=Search&search_type=gsc#gsc.tab=0&gsc.q=%22Thomas%20Baric%22&gsc.page=1)

8 📖 I only found out due to a March 2022 WHO consultation document by UNC Chapel Hill titled, Major challenges w/the development of Pan-Coronavirus Vaccines, where on the last page is listed "Tommy Baric" & Acknowledged is Pfizer, Merck, Zuckerberg, & NIAID.

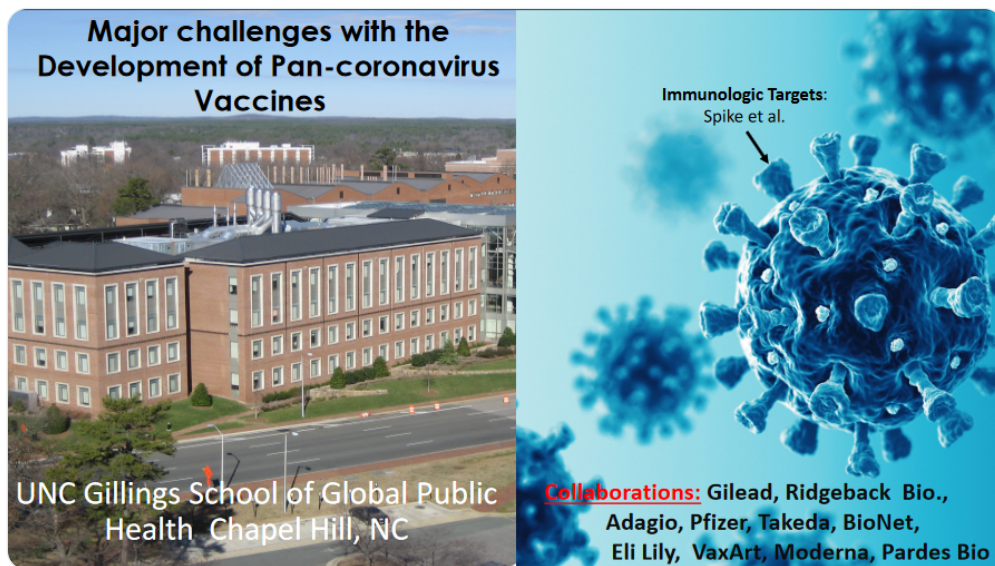
## Common Obstacles

- **Sarbecoviruses**
  - Group II and Group III strains and assays
  - More High Risk Strains
- **Other Betacoronaviruses-**
  - MERS-CoV (group 2c)
    - heterologous group 2c high-risk strains/models
  - Group 2d strains (to be identified and developed)
  - Group 2a (HCoV OC43/HKU1)
    - limited reagents/animal models
    - lots of animal strains (surrogates)
- **Other Alphacoronaviruses**
  - NL63 and HCoV229E animal models (weak/nonexistent)
  - High Priority Zoonotic Strains (to be identified and developed)
    - Several animal strains/models available
- **Deltacoronaviruses**
  - Porcine epidemic diarrhea virus
  - Other high priority strains (to be identified and developed)

## Chimeric Sarbecovirus Spike Vaccines





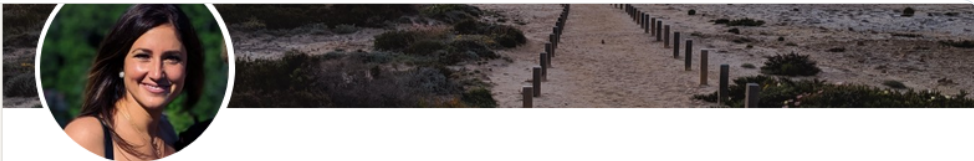


<b>Baric Laboratory</b> <b>David Martinez</b> Rachel Graham <b>Lisa Gralinski</b> Lisa Lindesmith Ande West Ethan Fritch <b>Alexandra Schaefer</b> <b>Trevor Scobey</b> Tommy Baric Lilly Adams <b>Victor Tse</b> Deana Zhu <b>Sarah Leist</b> Jessica Swanstrom Paul Brewer-Jensen <b>Boyd Yount</b> Ellen Young <b>Caitlin Edwards</b> <b>Jenny Munt</b> <b>Kenny Dinnon</b> <b>John Powers</b> Fernando Moreira Rita Maganck		 <b>UNC</b> GILLINGS SCHOOL OF GLOBAL PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT OF EPIDEMIOLOGY Jacob Hou Michael Mallory Kendra Gully Ariana Brown <b>Michael Mallory</b>  <b>UNC Epidemiology</b> Gralinski Lab Sheahan Lab   <b>Vanderbilt University</b> Mark Denison James E. Crowe	<b>Acknowledgements</b>   <b>UNC</b> SCHOOL OF MEDICINE <small>Maricopa Lung Institute/CF Center</small> Richard Boucher Kenichi Okuda Scott Randell  <b>UNC School of Medicine</b> Dr. William Fischer Dr. Mark Heise         National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases   <b>Chan Zuckerberg Initiative</b> 
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9. 📖 Seems like Thomas wasn't forgotten from the article of his father's success. He was intentionally not mentioned. The big question is why? But the curiosity doesn't end there. Why nothing more than a mention of Michelle Baric?

10. 📖 Maybe it has something to do with the fact that Michelle works at Myriad Genetics [MG] Why is this relevant. Baric wasn't alone in his honors by the state of NC, another recipient was NIH director Francis Collins, another NC native.





## Michelle Baric

Genetic Counselor at Myriad Genetics


Wrightsville Beach, North Carolina, United States · [Contact info](#)


185 connections

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**More**

 Myriad Genetics

 University of Cincinnati

### Activity

184 followers

**Michelle hasn't posted yet**

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### Experience



#### Genetic Counselor

Myriad Genetics · Full-time

Aug 2020 - Present · 3 yrs 3 mos

Patient Education Team



#### Genetic Counselor

Duke University Health System · Full-time

Nov 2015 - Jul 2020 · 4 yrs 9 mos

Durham, NC

Francis Collins

31 languages

Article Talk Read Edit View history Tools

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

For other people named Francis Collins, see Francis Collins (disambiguation).

**Francis Sellers Collins** ForMemRS (born April 14, 1950) is an American physician-geneticist who discovered the genes associated with a number of diseases and led the Human Genome Project. He served as director of the National Institutes of Health (NIH) in Bethesda, Maryland, from 17 August 2009 to 19 December 2021, serving under three presidents.<sup>[1][2]</sup>

Before being appointed director of the NIH, Collins led the Human Genome Project and other genomics research initiatives as director of the National Human Genome Research Institute (NHGRI), one of the 27 institutes and centers at NIH. Before joining NHGRI, he earned a reputation as a gene hunter at the University of Michigan.<sup>[3]</sup> He has been elected to the Institute of Medicine and the National Academy of Sciences, and has received the Presidential Medal of Freedom and the National Medal of Science.

Collins also has written books on science, medicine, and religion, including the *New York Times* bestseller, *The Language of God: A Scientist Presents Evidence for Belief*. After leaving the directorship of NHGRI and before becoming director of the NIH, he founded and served as president of The BioLogos Foundation, which promotes discourse on the relationship between science and religion and advocates the perspective that belief in Christianity can be reconciled with acceptance of evolution and science, especially through the idea that the Creator brought about his plan through the processes of evolution.<sup>[4]</sup> In 2009, Pope Benedict XVI appointed Collins to the Pontifical Academy of Sciences.<sup>[5]</sup>

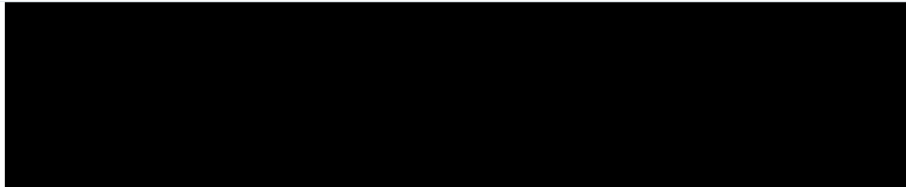
On October 5, 2021, Collins announced that he would resign as NIH director by the end of the year.<sup>[6]</sup> Four months later in February 2022, he joined the Cabinet of Joe Biden as Acting Science Advisor to the President, replacing Eric Lander.<sup>[7][8]</sup>

Early years

Collins was born in Staunton, Virginia, the youngest of four sons of Fletcher Collins and Margaret James Collins. Raised on a small farm in Virginia's Shenandoah Valley, Collins was home schooled until the sixth grade.<sup>[9]</sup> He attended Robert E. Lee High School in Staunton,



Science Advisor to the President
<div>Acting</div>
<div><div><span></span></div><div>In office</div></div>
February 18, 2022 <span> </span> – <span> </span> October 3, 2022
<div><b>President</b></div>
<div><span></span> Joe Biden</div>
<div><b>Preceded by</b></div>
<div><span></span> Eric Lander</div>
<div><b>Succeeded by</b></div>
<div><span></span> Arati Prabhakar</div>
16th Director of the National Institutes of Health
<div><div><span></span></div><div>In office</div></div>
August 17, 2009 <span> </span> – <span> </span> December 19, 2021
<div><b>President</b></div>
<div><span></span> Barack Obama</div>
<div><span></span> Donald Trump</div>
<div><span></span> Joe Biden</div>
<div><b>Deputy</b></div>
<div><span></span> Lawrence A. Tabak</div>



Dr. Kizzmekia Corbett speaks to members of the graduating class and parents at the University of North Carolina commencement exercises Friday, May 14, 2021. BY UNC

A group of nine North Carolinians spanning the fields of microbiology and immunology, education, public service, history and fashion received the state's highest civilian honor during a ceremony Thursday evening.

Recipients of the North Carolina Award for 2021 and 2020 (since last year's ceremony was canceled due to the pandemic) include [Dr. Francis Collins](#), the outgoing director of the National Institutes of Health who has led the federal agency for the last 12 years; Dr. Ralph Baric, a renowned coronavirus researcher at UNC-Chapel Hill; and André Leon Talley, who grew up in Durham and went on to work at several fashion publications, including Vogue.

Established by state lawmakers in 1961 and first awarded in 1964, the North Carolina Award recognizes "significant contributions to the state and nation in the fields of fine arts, literature, public service and science," according to the [N.C. Department of Cultural and Natural Resources](#), which administers the award.

More than 250 people have received the award, including Maya Angelou, James Taylor, John Hope Franklin, the Rev. Billy Graham and the Rev. William I. Barber II.

October 24, 2023  
Edition



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NORTH CAROLINA

## Meet the 9 North Carolinians receiving the state's highest civilian honor this year

BY AVI BAJPAI

UPDATED NOVEMBER 19, 2021 10:45 AM



11 📖 Here's the kicker, Collins wasn't just Fauci's boss at NIH, he also was the first director of the Human Genome Project at the Nat'l human genome Institute, of which the company leading the sequencing is none other than Myriad Genetics.

### Developments [\[ edit \]](#)

With the sequence in hand, the next step was to identify the genetic variants that increase the risk for common diseases like cancer and diabetes.<sup>[23][63]</sup>

It is anticipated that detailed knowledge of the human genome will provide new avenues for advances in [medicine](#) and [biotechnology](#). Clear practical results of the project emerged even before the work was finished. For example, a number of companies, such as [Myriad Genetics](#), started offering easy ways to administer genetic tests that can show predisposition to a variety of illnesses, including [breast cancer](#), [hemostasis disorders](#), [cystic fibrosis](#), [liver](#) diseases and many others. Also, the [etiologies](#) for [cancers](#), [Alzheimer's disease](#) and other areas of clinical interest are considered likely to benefit from genome information and possibly may lead in the long term to significant advances in their management.<sup>[77][78]</sup>

There are also many tangible benefits for biologists. For example, a researcher investigating a certain form of [cancer](#) may have narrowed down their search to a particular gene. By visiting the human genome database on the [World Wide Web](#), this researcher can examine what other scientists have written about this gene, including (potentially) the three-dimensional structure of its product, its functions, its evolutionary relationships to other human genes, or to genes in mice, yeast, or fruit flies, possible detrimental mutations, interactions with other genes, body tissues in which this gene is activated, and diseases associated with this gene or other datatypes. Further, a deeper understanding of the disease processes at the level of molecular biology may determine new therapeutic procedures. Given the established importance of DNA in molecular biology and its central role in determining the fundamental operation of [cellular processes](#), it is likely that expanded knowledge in this area will facilitate medical advances in numerous areas of clinical interest that may not have been possible without them.<sup>[79]</sup>

human genome, with 22 [homologous chromosomes](#), both the female (XX) and male (XY) versions of the [sex chromosome](#) (bottom right), as well as the [mitochondrial genome](#) (to scale at bottom left). The blue scale to the left of each chromosome pair (and the mitochondrial genome) shows its length in terms of millions of DNA [base pairs](#).

Further information: [Karyotype](#)

Several scientific teams worked in the 1970s and 1980s to identify genes and their loci as a part of the [cystic fibrosis](#) gene hunt. Progress was modest until 1985, when [Lap-Chee Tsui](#) and colleagues at Toronto's Hospital for Sick Children identified the locus for the gene.<sup>[18]</sup> It was then determined that a shortcut was needed to speed the process of identification, so Tsui contacted Collins, who agreed to collaborate with the Toronto team and share his chromosome-jumping technique. The gene was identified in June 1989,<sup>[19][20]</sup> and the results were published in the journal *Science* on September 8, 1989.<sup>[21]</sup> This identification was followed by other genetic discoveries made by Collins and a variety of collaborators. They included isolation of the genes for [Huntington's disease](#),<sup>[22]</sup> [neurofibromatosis](#),<sup>[23][24]</sup> [multiple endocrine neoplasia type 1](#),<sup>[25]</sup> [inv\(16\) AML](#),<sup>[26]</sup> and [Hutchinson–Gilford progeria syndrome](#).<sup>[27]</sup>

	National Institutes of Health
Thesis	<i>Semiclassical theory of vibrationally inelastic scattering, with application to <math>H^+ + H_2</math></i> (1974)
Doctoral advisor	James Cross

## Genomics [[edit](#)]

In 1993 National Institutes of Health Director [Bernadine Healy](#) appointed Collins to succeed [James D. Watson](#) as director of the [National Center for Human Genome Research](#), which became [National Human Genome Research Institute](#) (NHGRI) in 1997. As director he oversaw the [International Human Genome Sequencing Consortium](#),<sup>[28]</sup> which was the group that successfully carried out the [Human Genome Project](#).<sup>[29]</sup>

In 1994 Collins founded NHGRI's Division of Intramural Research,<sup>[30]</sup> a collection of investigator-directed laboratories that conduct genome research on the NIH campus.<sup>[citation needed]</sup>

In June 2000 Collins was joined by President Bill Clinton and biologist [Craig Venter](#) in making the announcement of a working draft of the [human genome](#).<sup>[31]</sup> He stated that "It is humbling for me, and awe-inspiring to realize that we have caught the first glimpse of our own instruction book, previously known only to God."<sup>[32][33][34]</sup> An initial analysis was published in February 2001, and scientists worked toward finishing the reference version of the human genome sequence by 2003, coinciding with the 50th anniversary of [James D. Watson](#) and [Francis Crick](#)'s publication of the structure of [DNA](#).<sup>[citation needed]</sup>

Another major activity at NHGRI during his tenure as director was the creation of the [haplotype map](#) of the human genome. This [International HapMap Project](#) produced a catalog of human genetic variations—called [single-nucleotide polymorphisms](#)—which is now being used to discover variants correlated with disease risk. Among the labs engaged in that effort is Collins' own lab at NHGRI, which has sought to identify and understand the genetic variations that influence the risk of developing [type 2 diabetes](#).<sup>[citation needed]</sup>

In addition to his basic genetic research and scientific leadership, Collins is known for his close attention to ethical and legal issues in genetics. He has been a strong advocate for protecting the privacy of genetic information and has served as a national leader in securing the passage of the federal Genetic Information and Nondiscrimination Act, which prohibits gene-based discrimination in employment and health insurance.<sup>[35]</sup> In 2013, spurred by concerns over the publication of the genome of the widely used [HeLa](#) cell line derived from the late [Henrietta Lacks](#), Collins and other NIH leaders worked with the Lacks family to reach an agreement to protect their privacy, while giving researchers controlled access to the genomic data.<sup>[36]</sup>

Building on his own experiences as a physician volunteer in a rural missionary hospital in [Nigeria](#),<sup>[37]</sup> Collins is also very interested in

# Human Genome Project

49 languages

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From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

The **Human Genome Project (HGP)** was an international [scientific research](#) project with the goal of determining the [base pairs](#) that make up human [DNA](#), and of identifying, [mapping](#) and [sequencing](#) all of the [genes](#) of the [human genome](#) from both a physical and a functional standpoint. It started in 1990 and was completed in 2003.<sup>[1]</sup> It remains the world's largest collaborative biological project.<sup>[2]</sup> Planning for the project started after it was adopted in 1984 by the [US government](#), and it officially launched in 1990. It was declared complete on April 14, 2003, and included about 92% of the genome.<sup>[3]</sup> Level "complete genome" was achieved in May 2021, with a remaining only 0.3% bases covered by potential issues.<sup>[4][5]</sup> The final gapless assembly was finished in January 2022.<sup>[6]</sup>

Funding came from the United States government through the [National Institutes of Health](#) (NIH) as well as numerous other groups from around the world. A parallel project was conducted outside the government by the [Celera Corporation](#), or Celera Genomics, which was formally launched in 1998. Most of the government-sponsored sequencing was performed in twenty universities and research centres in the [United States](#), the [United Kingdom](#), [Japan](#), [France](#), [Germany](#), and [China](#),<sup>[7]</sup> working in the International Human Genome Sequencing Consortium (IHGSC).

The Human Genome Project originally aimed to map the complete set of [nucleotides](#) contained in a human [haploid reference genome](#), of which there are more than three billion. The "genome" of any given individual is unique; mapping the "human genome" involved sequencing samples collected from a small number of individuals



Logo of the Human Genome Project



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Myriad Genetics

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**Myriad Genetics, Inc.** is an American genetic testing and [precision medicine](#) company based in [Salt Lake City, Utah](#), United States. Myriad employs a number of proprietary technologies that permit doctors and patients to understand the genetic basis of human disease and the role that [genes](#) play in the onset, progression and treatment of disease. This information is used to guide the development of new products that assess an individual's risk for developing disease later in life (predictive medicine), identify a patient's likelihood of responding to a particular drug therapy (precision medicine), assess a patient's risk of disease progression and disease recurrence ([precision medicine](#)), and measure disease activity.

### History

The global search for the genetic basis of breast cancer began when [Mary-Claire King](#), Ph.D., from the [University of California, Berkeley](#) announced the localization through [linkage analysis](#) of a gene associated with increased risk for breast cancer ([BRCA1](#)) to the long arm of chromosome 17.<sup>[3]</sup>

To further locate the actual gene, Dr. Skolnick and his colleagues invented a gene mapping technique known as [Restriction Fragment-length Polymorphisms](#) (RFLP).<sup>[4]</sup> Gilbert joined Kimberlin in 1991, and they teamed up with Skolnick to form Myriad Genetics.<sup>[5]</sup>

In August 1994, Mark Skolnick and researchers at Myriad, along with colleagues at the [University of Utah](#), the U.S. National Institutes of Health (NIH), and McGill University sequenced BRCA1.<sup>[6]</sup> They attempted to patent this gene, which resulted in significant controversy and a landmark Supreme Court Case.<sup>[7][8][9]</sup>

The firm then established the first clinical laboratory to commercialize genomic testing.<sup>[10][11]</sup> Myriad created the first test to measure the molecular biology and aggressiveness of men's prostate cancer,<sup>[12]</sup> devised a method to assess the inherited breast cancer risk of any

Myriad genetics

Type

Public

Traded as

Nasdaq: MYGN  S&P 600 Component

Industry

Healthcare  
Molecular Diagnostics  
Biotechnology  
Precision Medicine

Founded

Salt Lake City, Utah, United States (1991)

Headquarters

Salt Lake City, Utah

Key people

Paul J. Diaz, President and CEO  
Mark Skolnick, Co-Founder  
Peter Meldrum, Co-Founder  
Kevin Kimberlin, Co-Founder  
Jerry Lanchbury, CSO  
Walter Gilbert, Director and Vice Chair

Revenue



 \$690.6 Million(2021)<sup>[1]</sup>

Number of employees

2,600<sup>[2]</sup>

Website

[www.mvriad.com](#) 

12  This is a developing story worth looking into. Til then, receipts as always 

[https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/blue-print/2.-baric\\_r-d-who-consultation\\_march-25-2022.pdf](https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/blue-print/2.-baric_r-d-who-consultation_march-25-2022.pdf)

#### Scientists discover how dengue vaccine fails to protect against disease

Researchers discovered that a small subpopulation of antibodies binding to unique sites on each serotype are linked to protection. The research, published in the Journal of Clinical Investigation, pr...

<https://www.eurekalert.org/news-releases/903503>

[archive.ph/DQreQ](#)

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<https://www.linkedin.com/in/michelle-baric-1233811a3/>



**Myriad Genetics - Wikipedia**

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Myriad\\_Genetics](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Myriad_Genetics)



**Francis Collins - Wikipedia**

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Francis\\_Collins](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Francis_Collins)

@threadreaderapp unroll

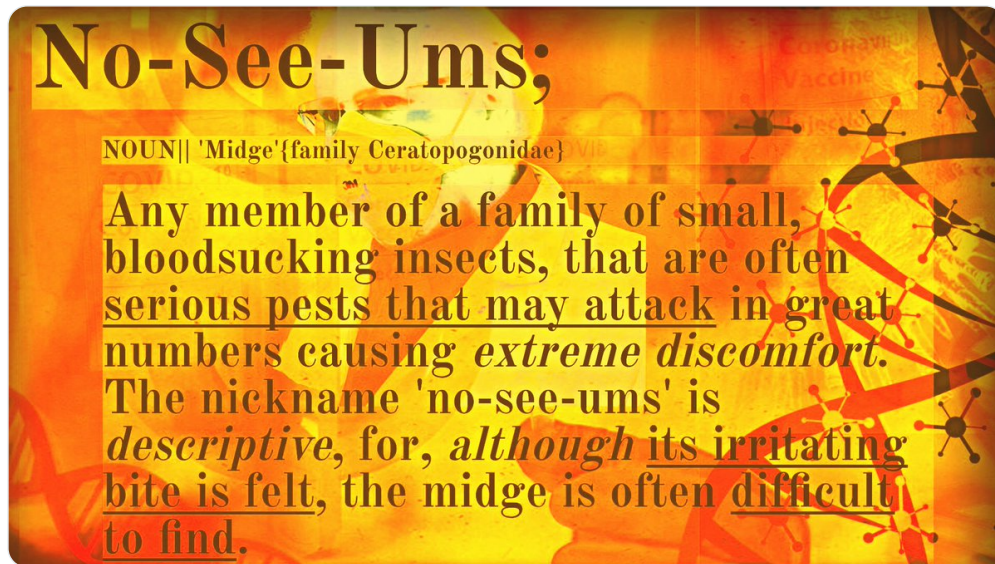
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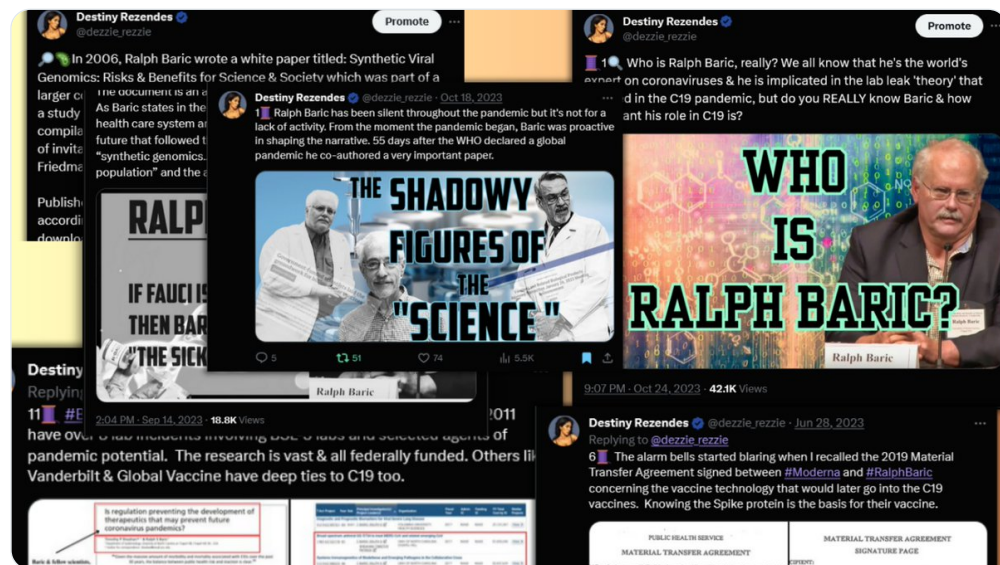
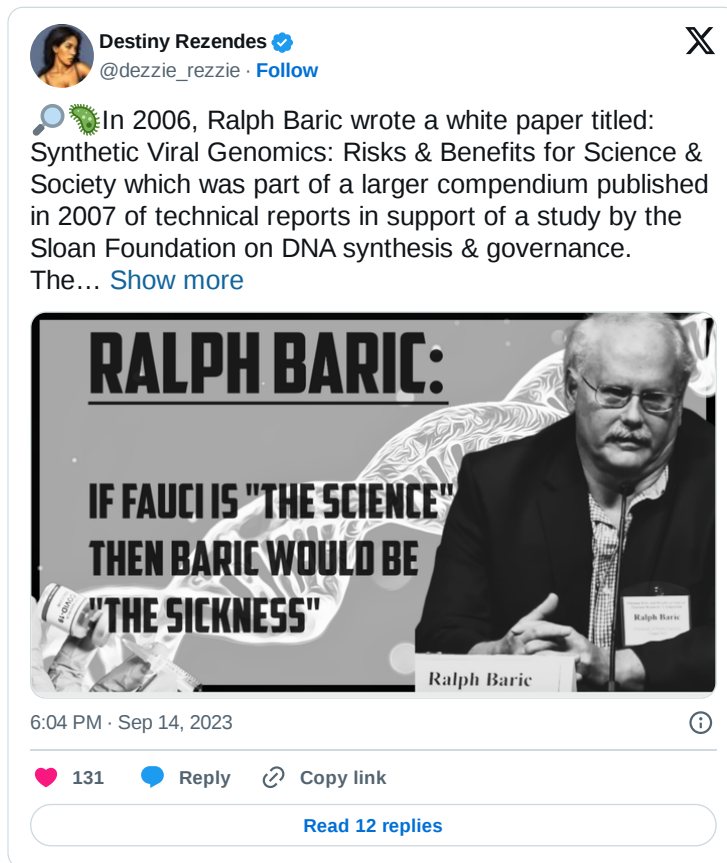
**Destiny Rezendes** @dezzie\_rezzie

Feb 6, 2024 · 10 tweets · [dezzie\\_rezzie/status/1754684068334092750](#)

1 📖 Ralph Baric invented No-See-Um sites, a way to alter viruses w/o leaving a trace. The name comes from bugs local to Baric in NC. Oddly the definition of No-See-Ums describes not just the bugs, but also Baric himself. So, why did NIH allow this infestation to go unchecked?!



2 📖 I've covered the Corona-Creep at length. For today's thread familiarizing yourself [if you haven't] with these threads- namely this thread about Baric's publication on Synthetic Biology 2006:



3 📖 The same yr as Baric's terrifying Synthetic Genomic paper, Baric gave a presentation to the National Science Advisory Board for Biosecurity [NSABB] on Synthetic Viruses. The NSABB is the federal advisory committee that addresses threats to biosecurity and Gain of Function.

## NSABB: Synthetic Viruses

### Risks and Benefits

#### Objectives

- Virus Biothreat Lists
- Virus Classification
  - Baltimore Scheme
    - ◆ Virus Reverse Genetic Strategies
- Reverse Genetics and Synthetic Genomics
- Technical Barriers to Synthetic Genome Reconstruction
- Chimeras and Synthetic Viruses
- Summary

**Goal:** Provide a theoretical framework to initiate a broad discussion regarding the relative risks and benefits of synthetic genome technology

4 📖 Per Baric's NSABB presentation, Biothreat Viruses that can be created in a lab or "reverse engineered" have understood mechanisms; for instance "ALL viruses MUST transcribe genome into mRNA \*for making\* Viral Proteins." He lists, SARS-CoVs as easy to alter, & that the sequences to do so are "readily available."

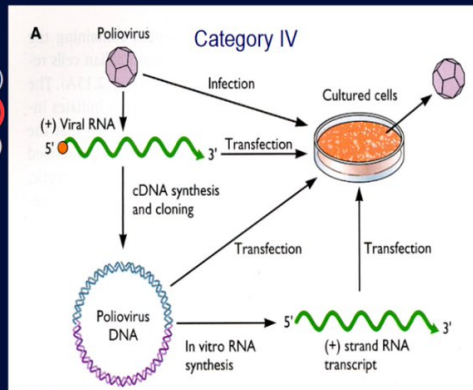
## Biothreat Viruses

HHS/CDC, USDA, Dept Commerce, NIH Category A-C  
(Lists of Biothreat Viruses)

- Very Heterogeneous group of viruses
  - HHS/CDC, USDA, Dept Commerce (Lists of Biothreat Viruses)
- Different genome organizations + replication strategies
  - different approaches are needed to develop infectious genomes
  - Genomes
    - ◆ dsDNA, ssRNA (+) polarity, ssRNA (-) polarity and dsRNA
- Simple classification scheme to understand virus reverse genetic strategies
  - All viruses must transcribe genome into mRNA → viral proteins.

## Virus Reverse Genetics Category IV

- Positive Strand RNA Viruses
  - Picornaviruses
  - Enteroviruses (e.g., PV, FMDV, HAV)
  - **Coronaviruses (e.g., SARS-CoV)**
  - Alphaviruses (e.g., VEE, WEE, EEE)
  - Flaviviruses (e.g., Yellow fever, dengue, etc.)
  - Noroviruses (not yet)
- Manipulate DNA and recover altered viruses
- Sequences readily available





## Barriers to Acquire Biodefense Pathogens

- Virus Availability:
  - Nature, Laboratory (Almost all available);
    - ◆ not necessarily easy (VEE-zoonotic vs epidemic variants)
    - ◆ Cell culture attenuation
  - Extinct in wild (e.g., 1918 H1N1, H2N2, Smallpox, 2002-03 Epidemic SARS-CoV?, PV?)
  - Genome length sequences reported for most biodefense viruses
- Accurate Sequence/Sequence stability
  - Sequence Reported-doesn't make it infectious
    - ◆ Error rate Genbank: (1:500-1:10,000 bases)
  - Mistakes (1) in sequence can be lethal or attenuate pathogenesis
    - ◆ Smallpox (~190Kb), 1:10,000 error rate=20 mistakes=14 codon change;
    - ◆  $2.4 \times 10^{18}$  possibilities to get correct genome ( $10^4$  transfected cells make virus); (>7 mistakes/mutant pools fail)
    - ◆ Two full length sequences reported that differ in size by 525 bps, and contain ~1500 differences in sequence (Both sequences right? Both sequences infectious?)
- Size: Most synthetic DNA companies good for 1 to a few Kb in length
  - (PCA larger=more mistakes that must be fixed);
  - Virus genomes >10Kb become progressively harder to synthesize infectious genomes
  - Expertise
  - Smaller genome, easier to accomplish

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5 📖 For barriers to biodefense Baric admits that Sequence Stability is a concern, stating that "Sequences Reported doesn't make it infectious" & that even NIH's Genbank has an alarming Error Rate of anywhere between 1:500- 1:10,000 bases! These "mistakes" can make a pathogen more lethal or attenuate pathogenesis. 🧐🧐

## Barriers to Acquire Biodefense Pathogens

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6 📖 When talking specifically about Coronavirus Infectious Clones are the easiest to manipulate but notes they have regions of "Chromosomal Toxicity."

Well, what does that even mean? !?

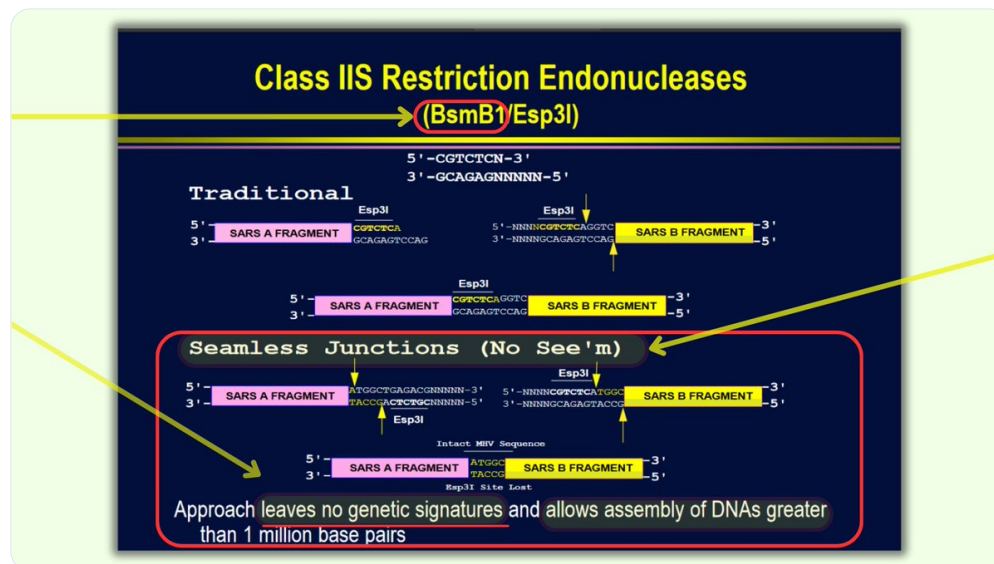
According to the NIH, Chromosomal toxicity refers to the harmful effects on the chromosomes within a cell, which can lead to DNA damage, mutations, and potentially CANCER!! 🧪

## Coronavirus Infectious Clone (30Kb)

- Large Size of the Viral Genome
- Stable Cloning Vectors
- Regions of Chromosomal Toxicity
- Synthesizing Infectious Transcripts/Booting genome
- Ease of Manipulation
  - the availability of rare cutting restriction sites for reverse genetic applications
- **Solutions:** Systematic assembly from component clones

7 📖 On one slide, Baric gives the NSABB an example for how easily Coronavirus no-see-um-manipulation is done. Take note of which restriction site Endonuclease Enzymes Baric suggests: Esp3I & BsmB1.

The SAME one cited in the DARPA DEFUSE draft by EcoHealth Alliance + Ralph Baric from 2018 where they suggested its use to create pathogenic SARS-CoV chimera's. This is merely a coincidence, & even if it wasn't how could you prove it when Baric himself brags by adding to the BsmB1 slide that this "Approach leaves NO GENETIC SIGNATURES.."



8 📖 A quick look back at that Synthetic Biology paper Baric authored in 2006 focused on Synthetic Viruses & Biological Warfare. On one page, Baric describes how a Bioterrorist would deploy these pathogens. The nonchalant way he describes these scenarios is cause for alarm all on it's own, but the actual text is a biological nightmare.



Baric writes;

"A clever bioterrorist might start with a relatively benign, easily obtainable virus (BSL2) & obtain an existing molecular clone by simply requesting it from the scientists who work with these agents. Then, using the expanding database of genomic sequences & identified virulence genes, the benign viral genome could be modified into more lethal combinations for nefarious use."

**Synthetic Viral Genomics: Risks and Benefits for Science and Society**

**Ralph S. Baric**  
**University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill**

Cite as:

Baric RS. 2006. Synthetic Viral Genomics. In: *Working Papers for Synthetic Genomics: Risks and Benefits for Science and Society*, pp. 35-81. Garfinkel MS, Endy D, Epstein GL, Friedman RM, editors. 2007.

The views and opinions expressed are those of the author of the paper.

and recombinant DNA approaches provide numerous opportunities to construct designer pathogens encoding a repertoire of virulence genes from other pathogens, while simultaneously providing a rapid response network for preventing the emergence and spread of new human and animal diseases. The state of knowledge prevents accurate predictions regarding the pathogenic potential of designer viruses; most likely, replication and pathogenesis would be attenuated. As a principle goal of bioterrorism is to inspire fear, highly pathogenic outcomes may not be necessary as large scale panic would likely result after the release of designer pathogens in US cities. Given the reported findings and the large repertoire of host, viral and microbial virulence genes identified in the literature, the most robust defense against the development of designer viral pathogens for malicious use is basic research into the mechanisms by which viral pathogenesis might be manipulated and applied counter measures that ameliorate these pathogenic mechanisms. This justification, however, blurs the distinction between fundamental academic research and bio-weapon development. This paragraph describes Ralph's GoF work

## **2. Prospects for Designer Super Pathogens**

Advances in genomics may provide new approaches for mixing and matching genetic traits encoded from different viral pathogens, as over 1532 genome length sequences are available in Genbank. A large number of recombinant viruses have been assembled using reverse genetic approaches including chimeric flaviviruses, chimeric enteroviruses and coronaviruses, HIV, lentiviruses and others usually for the purposes of generating vaccines or dissecting basic questions about, e.g., viral metabolism (29, 34, 39, 40, 50). Importantly, recombinant viruses are actively being designed with programmed pathogenic traits as a means of controlling certain insect and animal pests, providing both theoretical and practical strategies for conducting effective biowarfare (53, 69). More importantly, the identification of numerous virus virulence genes that target the innate

BARIC: SYNTHETIC VIRAL GENOMICS

67

BARIC: SYNTHETIC VIRAL GENOMICS

65

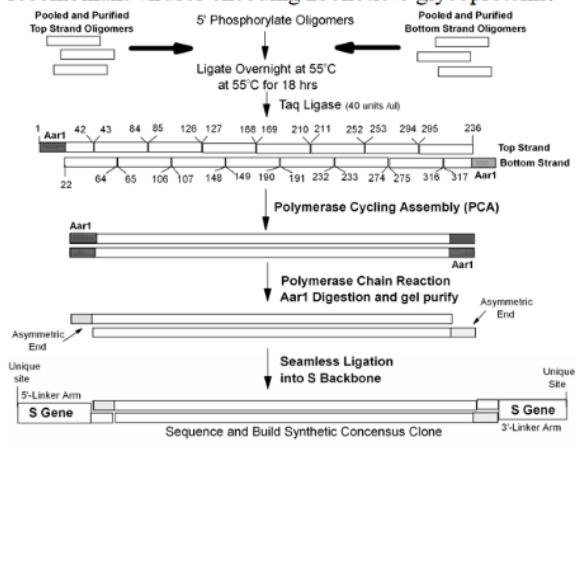
engineering tools have been developed for only a few BW agents, making them relatively poor substrates for biodesign. A clever bioterrorist might start with a relatively benign, easily obtainable virus (BSL2) and obtain an existing molecular clone by simply requesting it from the scientists who work with these agents. Then, using the expanding database of genomic sequences and identified virulence genes, the benign viral genome could be modified into more lethal combinations for nefarious use.



Consequently, knowledgeable experts can theoretically reconstruct full length synthetic genomes for any of the high priority virus pathogens, although technical concerns may limit the robustness of these approaches. It is conceivable that a bioterrorist could order

Figure 9. PCA Technique. Synthetic Reconstruction of Exotic SARS-CoV Spike Glycoproteins.

Synthetic S glycoproteins are synthesized and inserted into the SARS-CoV molecular clone; allowing for recovery of recombinant viruses encoding zoonotic S glycoproteins.



BARIC: SYNTHETIC VIRAL GENOMICS

59

9 📖 Baric also writes what he thinks a BioTerror attack using a lab created virus would look like. You tell me if his description sounds familiar... "the release & subsequent discovery of a synthetically derived virus bioweapon will certainly garner tremendous media coverage, inspire fear & terrorize human populations."

Will synthetic or recombinant bioweapons be developed for BW use? If the main purpose is to kill and inspire fear in human populations, natural source pathogens likely provide a more reliable source of starting material. Stealing the BW agent from a laboratory or obtaining the pathogen from natural outbreak conditions is still easier than the synthetic reconstruction of a pathogenic virus. These conditions, however, change as 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> generation candidate vaccines and drugs are developed against this select list of pathogens, limiting future attempts to newly emerged viruses. If notoriety, fear and directing foreign government policies are principle objectives, then the release and subsequent discovery of a synthetically derived virus bioweapon will certainly garner tremendous media coverage, inspire fear and terrorize human populations and direct severe pressure on government officials to respond in predicted ways.

10 📖 Lastly, remember what Baric said about the benefits of his synthetic No-See-Um method compared to prior/classic techniques;

"Recombinant viruses generated from classic recombinant DNA techniques will carry the signature of the parental virus used in the process as well as novel restriction sites that were engineered into the genome during the cloning process.

In contrast, synthetic viral genomes can be designed to be identical with exact virus strains circulating in any given location from any year. This powerful technique provides the bioterrorist with a "scapegoat" option; leaving a sequence signature that misdirects efforts at tracking the true originators of the crime."

The only question you should have is since this is true and well documented then WHY has congress NOT called Ralph Baric in to publicly testify or at least be thoroughly investigated.

It's a tough and ugly question that likely won't be resolved and that's because the answer may very well be much, much, MUCH worse. 🔍



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*Synthetic Genomics: Risks and Benefits for Science and Society*

identical with exact virus strains circulating in any given location from any year. This powerful technique provides the bioterrorist with a “scapegoat” option; leaving a sequence signature that misdirects efforts at tracking the true originators of the crime. Even better, the approach could be used to build mistrust and/or precipitate open warfare between nations. A simple example might involve the use of the picornavirus foot and mouth disease virus, which is not present on the North American continent, yet is

1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> generation candidate vaccines and drugs are developed against this select list of pathogens, limiting future attempts to newly emerged viruses. If notoriety, fear and directing foreign government policies are principle objectives, then the release and subsequent discovery of a synthetically derived virus bioweapon will certainly garner tremendous media coverage, inspire fear and terrorize human populations and direct severe pressure on government officials to respond in predicted ways.

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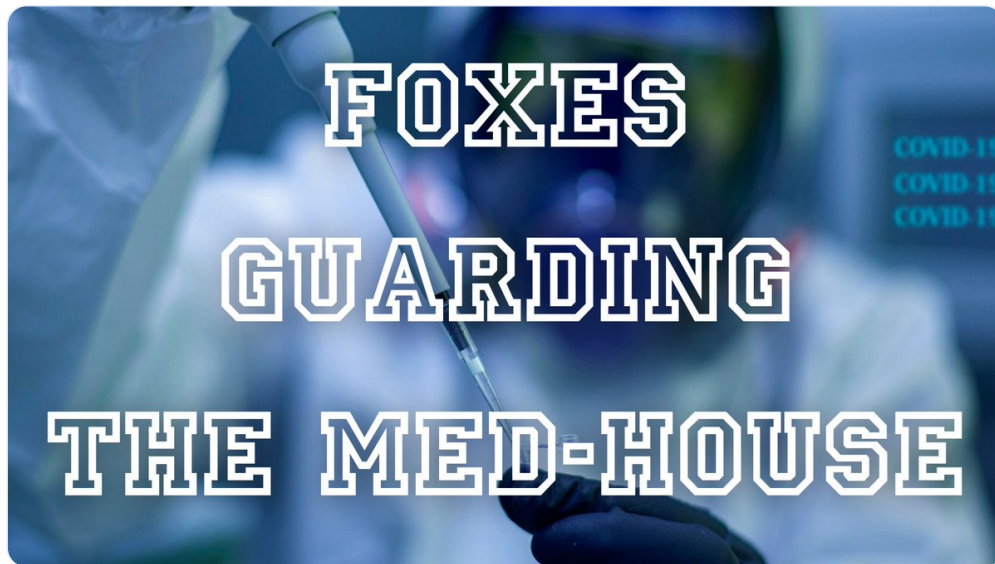
...



**Destiny Rezendes** @dezzie\_rezzie

Dec 2, 2023 · 13 tweets · [dezzie\\_rezzie/status/1731093081661772169](https://twitter.com/dezzie_rezzie/status/1731093081661772169)

1 📖 Continuing w/ my recent threads exposing the Conflicts of Interest [COI] in the oversight efforts & early investigations of the pandemic. I have more data to prove to you that this 'Scamdemic' is a certified rigged racket.



2 📖 40 days after the C19 genome was made public a group of "concerned" scientists submitted a statement to stand in support of "the science" in Wuhan. Admonishing the "conspiracy theories" floating around of a lab leak. Published in the lancet, it is a certified fraud.

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CORRESPONDENCE | VOLUME 395, ISSUE 10226, E42-E43, MARCH 07, 2020

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### Statement in support of the scientists, public health professionals, and medical professionals of China combatting COVID-19

Charles Calisher • [Dennis Carroll](#) • [Rita Colwell](#) • [Ronald B Corley](#) • [Peter Daszak](#) • [Christian Drosten](#) • [Luis Enjuanes](#) • [Jeremy Farrar](#) • [Hume Field](#) • [Josie Golding](#) • [Alexander Gorbalenya](#) • [Bart Haagmans](#) • [James M Hughes](#) • [William B Karesh](#) • [Gerald T Keusch](#) • [Sai Kit Lam](#) • [Juan Lubroth](#) • [John S Mackenzie](#) • [Larry Madoff](#) • [Jonna Mazet](#) • [Peter Palese](#) • [Stanley Perlman](#) • [Leo Poon](#) • [Bernard Roizman](#) • [Linda Saif](#) • [Kanta Subbarao](#) • [Mike Turner](#) • [Show less](#)

Published: February 19, 2020 • DOI: [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736\(20\)30418-9](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(20)30418-9)

## Statement in support of the scientists, public health professio...

Supplementar  
y Material

References

Article info

Linked Articles

The rapid, open, and transparent sharing of data on this outbreak is now being threatened by rumours and misinformation around its origins. We stand together to strongly condemn conspiracy theories suggesting that COVID-19 does not have a natural origin. Scientists from multiple countries have published and analysed genomes of the causative agent, severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2),<sup>1</sup> and they overwhelmingly conclude that this coronavirus originated in wildlife.<sup>2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10</sup> as have so many other emerging pathogens.<sup>11, 12</sup> This is further supported by a

letter from the presidents of the US National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine<sup>13</sup> and by the scientific communities they represent. Conspiracy theories do nothing but create fear, rumours, and prejudice that jeopardise our global collaboration in the fight against this virus. We support the call from the Director-General of WHO to promote scientific evidence and unity over misinformation and conjecture.<sup>14</sup> We want you, the science and health professionals of China, to know that we stand with you in your fight against this virus.

We invite others to join us in supporting the scientists, public health professionals, and medical professionals of Wuhan and across China. Stand with our colleagues on the frontline!

We speak in one voice. To add your support for this statement, sign our letter online. LM is editor of ProMED-mail. We declare no competing interests.

Published: February 19, 2020 • DOI: [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736\(20\)30418-9](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(20)30418-9)

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Date accessed: February 17, 2020

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Published: February 19, 2020 • DOI: [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736\(20\)30418-9](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(20)30418-9)

3 📄 The paper was signed by a slew of implicated characters; Dennis Carroll [ex USAID] & he is joined by fellow EHA heads Karesh, Mazet, Field, & Daszak. NIH cronies like Palese, Turner & Perlman. The Wellcome Trust poster child Jeremy Farrar & virologist Linda Saif 🤔



of 2019 novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) and are deeply concerned about its impact on global health and wellbeing. We have watched as the scientists, public health professionals, and medical professionals of China, in particular, have worked diligently and effectively to rapidly identify the pathogen behind this outbreak, put in place significant measures to reduce its impact, and share their results transparently with the global health community. This effort has been remarkable.

We sign this statement in solidarity with all scientists and health professionals in China who continue to save lives and protect global health during the challenge of the COVID-19 outbreak. We are all in this together, with our Chinese counterparts in the forefront, against this new viral threat.

The rapid, open, and transparent

We invite others to join us in supporting the scientists, public health professionals, and medical professionals of Wuhan and across China. Stand with our colleagues on the frontline!

We speak in one voice. To add your support for this statement, sign our letter online. LM is editor of ProMED-mail. We declare no competing interests.

Charles Calisher, Dennis Carroll,  
Rita Colwell, Ronald B Corley,  
Peter Daszak, Christian Drosten,  
Luis Enjuanes, Jeremy Farrar,  
Hume Field, Josie Golding,  
Alexander Gorbalenya, Bart Haagmans,  
James M Hughes, William B Karesh,  
Gerald T Keusch, Sai Kit Lam,  
Juan Lubroth, John S Mackenzie,  
Larry Madoff, Jonna Mazet,  
Peter Palese, Stanley Perlman,  
Leo Poon, Bernard Roizman, Linda Saif,  
Kanta Subbarao, Mike Turner  
[COVID19statement@gmail.com](mailto:COVID19statement@gmail.com)

The rapid, open, and transparent sharing of data on this outbreak is now being threatened by rumours and misinformation around its origins. We stand together to strongly condemn conspiracy theories suggesting that COVID-19 does not have a natural origin. Scientists from multiple countries have published and analysed genomes of the causative agent, severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2),<sup>1</sup> and they overwhelmingly conclude that this coronavirus originated in wildlife,<sup>2-10</sup> as have so many other emerging pathogens.<sup>11,12</sup> This is further supported by a letter from the presidents of the US National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine<sup>13</sup> and by the scientific communities they represent. Conspiracy theories do



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[https://doi.org/10.1016/  
S0140-6736\(20\)30418-9](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(20)30418-9)  
For the Chinese translation  
see [Online](#) for appendix

- 9 US Center for Disease Control and Prevention. Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) situation summary. Feb 16, 2020. <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-nCoV/situation-summary.html> (accessed Feb 8, 2020).
- 10 Andersen KG, Rambaut A, Lipkin WI, Holmes EC, Garry RF. The proximal origin of SARS-CoV-2. Feb 16, 2020; <http://virological.org/t/the-proximal-origin-of-sars-cov-2/398> (accessed Feb 17, 2020).
- 11 Bengis R, Leighton F, Fischer J, Artois M, Morner T, Tate C. The role of wildlife in emerging and re-emerging zoonoses. *Rev Sci Tech* 2004; 23: 497–512.
- 12 Woolhouse ME, Gowtage-Sequeria S. Host range and emerging and reemerging pathogens. *Emerg Infect Dis* 2005; 11: 1842–47.
- 13 NASEM. The National Academies of Science Engineering and Medicine of the USA. NAS, NAE, and NAM presidents' letter to the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy. Feb 6, 2020. [https://www.nationalacademies.org/includes/NASEM%20Response%20to%20STP%20re%20Coronavirus\\_February%206,%202020.pdf](https://www.nationalacademies.org/includes/NASEM%20Response%20to%20STP%20re%20Coronavirus_February%206,%202020.pdf) (accessed Feb 7, 2020).

For the SARS-CoV-2 genome analysis see <https://www.gisaid.org/epiflu-applications/next-betacov-app/>

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Statement in support of the scientists, public health professio...

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coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2),<sup>1</sup> and they overwhelmingly conclude that this coronavirus originated in wildlife.<sup>2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10</sup> as have so many other emerging pathogens.<sup>11, 12</sup> This is further supported by a letter from the presidents of the US National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine<sup>13</sup> and by the scientific communities they represent. Conspiracy theories do nothing but create fear, rumours, and prejudice that jeopardise our global collaboration in the fight against this virus. We support the call from the Director-General of WHO to promote scientific evidence and unity over misinformation and conjecture.<sup>14</sup> We want you, the science and health professionals of China, to know that we stand with you in your fight against this virus.

We invite others to join us in supporting the scientists, public health professionals, and medical professionals of Wuhan and

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5 🇺🇸 To me, Linda Saif is the red flag in the authors listed. A NAS Ohio State virologist who assisted the WHO during the 2003 SARS outbreak was a familiar name from FOIA'd emails between Baric, Daszak & Fauci from early on in 2020.

February 12, 2020

**From:** Su, Lishan <[lishan\\_su@med.unc.edu](mailto:lishan_su@med.unc.edu)>  
**Sent:** Wednesday, February 12, 2020 1:12 AM  
**To:** Baric, Ralph S <[rbaric@email.unc.edu](mailto:rbaric@email.unc.edu)>  
**Subject:** A commentary on 2019 nCoV vs lab engineered viruses

Hi Ralph:

In response to the EMI journal editor's request, Drs. Shan-Lu Liu, Lin Saif and myself are writing a commentary (1-2 pages) to dispute the rumors of 2019 nCoV origin. Will you be interested, and have time, to have a quick read/comment? Please let me know if you have time.

Tentative Title: Is 2019-nCoV laboratory origin?

Thanks!

-Lishan

February 12, 2020

**From:** [Saif, Linda](#)  
**To:** [Liu, Shan-Lu](#); [lishan\\_su@med.unc.edu](mailto:lishan_su@med.unc.edu)  
**Subject:** FW: A commentary on 2019 nCoV vs lab engineered viruses  
**Date:** Wednesday, February 12, 2020 1:28:39 PM  
**Attachments:** [EMI-2019-nCoV\\_Commentary\\_LJS\\_SLL\\_Refs-rsb.docx](#)

Hi

Please note that Ralph made these changes on an earlier copy sent to him so hopefully the 2 of you can incorporate them into the updated draft I sent this AM!

Regards,

Linda

Linda J. Saif, PhD  
Distinguished University Professor  
Food Animal Health Research Program  
OARDC/The Ohio State University  
1680 Madison Ave  
Wooster, Oh 44691

# February 12, 2020

---

**From:** Su, Lishan <[lishan\\_su@med.unc.edu](mailto:lishan_su@med.unc.edu)>  
**Sent:** Wednesday, February 12, 2020 10:11 AM  
**To:** Baric, Ralph S <[rbaric@email.unc.edu](mailto:rbaric@email.unc.edu)>  
**Subject:** Re: A commentary on 2019 nCoV vs lab engineered viruses

Hi Ralph:

We are trying to finish it and had no plan to get you too involved, but I do value your input. It is almost final and we are also getting comments from Perlman and Weiss.  
Thanks,

-Lishan

---

**From:** "Baric, Ralph S" <[rbaric@email.unc.edu](mailto:rbaric@email.unc.edu)>  
**Date:** Wednesday, February 12, 2020 at 10:02 AM  
**To:** "Su, Lishan" <[lishan\\_su@med.unc.edu](mailto:lishan_su@med.unc.edu)>  
**Subject:** RE: A commentary on 2019 nCoV vs lab engineered viruses

sure, but don't want to be cited in as having commented prior to submission.



6 🇺🇸 The emails show Saif and her co-workers emailing Baric about the paper in support of the Wuhan research. Why was she so concerned? I think I know why. While researching Baric's grants I found one for the NC Seronet Center for Excellence [NCSCE] Turns out the NCSCE is new!



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[SeroNet](#)
[Serological Sciences Centers of Excellence](#)

## Serological Sciences Centers of Excellence

As part of the NCI Serological Sciences Network (SeroNet), NCI has awarded eight institutions U54 grants to conduct multiple research projects to characterize the immune responses to coronavirus infection and learn about what drives immune response, disease progression, and protection against future infection.

**Source:**  
<https://www.cancer.gov/research/key-initiatives/covid-19/serological-sciences-network/u54-centers-of-excellence>

**The NC SeroNet Center for Excellence was one of 8 Centers of Excellence funded by the NCI through \$306 million in emergency appropriations**

The NCI Serological Sciences Network (SeroNet) is a coordinated effort to expand the nation's capacity for SARS-CoV-2 serologic testing on a population-level and advance research on the immune response to SARS-CoV-2 infection and COVID-19 vaccination among diverse and vulnerable populations<sup>1</sup>. It was established by the National Cancer Institute (NCI) in partnership with the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID), Frederick National Laboratory for Cancer Research (FNLCR), and other parts of the National Institutes of Health, and the Department of Health and Human Services<sup>2</sup>. The network comprises multidisciplinary researchers bridging gaps and fostering collaborations among immunologists, epidemiologists, virologists, clinicians, and other researchers<sup>3</sup>. The NCI established 8 Serological Sciences Centers of Excellence to conduct research projects to characterize immune responses to SARS-CoV-2 infection and better understand predictors of protective immune responses and disease progression<sup>4</sup>. The network was established using funds from an emergency appropriation of \$306 million to NCI "to develop, validate, improve, and implement serological testing and associated technologies"<sup>5</sup>. The major components of the network include Serological Sciences Centers of Excellence and Serological Sciences Network Capacity Building Centers<sup>6</sup>. The SeroNet research program and infrastructure development can help inform preparedness and response for other emerging diseases worldwide<sup>7</sup>.

7 📚 The NCSCE is one of 8 "Centers of Excellence" established w/a \$306M fund- not by NIAID, but rather the National Cancer Institute even though the focus is on C19. 🤔 Of the lucky 8 Centers created, Linda Saif of Ohio State was a recipient of a center just like Baric. 💰 🤖

**The 8 Centers of Excellence funded by the NCI through \$306 million in emergency appropriations:**

**5 Of the 8:**

- Ohio State lead by Linda Saif
- UNC Chapel Hill lead by Baric
- Tulane [home of Bob Garry]

**&**

- Johns Hopkins

Source: <https://www.cancer.gov/research/key-initiatives/covid-19/serological-sciences-network/u54-centers-of-excellence>

**Awarded Centers of Excellence**

Center	Description	Principal Investigator(s)/Institution
Center for Serological Testing to Improve Outcomes from Pandemic COVID-19 (STOP-COVID)	Conduct longitudinal serologic tracking of individuals exposed to SARS-CoV-2, perform molecular analysis of their immune response, and to create communication tools for targeted populations	Eugene M. Oltz, Ann Schreck McElearney, Ashish Raman Panchal, Linda J. Saif Ohio State University
North Carolina SeroNet Center for Excellence	Perform studies that advance understanding of the serologic response to SARS-CoV-2 and its role in protective immunity through fundamental characterizations of natural infections, therapeutic interventions, and vaccines	Ralph S. Baric, Shannon Margaret Waller UNC-Chapel Hill
Diversity and Determinants of the Immune-Inflammatory Response to SARS-CoV-2	Examine the correlation of COVID-19 disease trajectories with several demographic factors and to study the effect of metabolic disorders, blood cancers, and cancer immunotherapy on the disease pathology	Susan Cheng, Jane C. Figueirdo, Michael Karn Cedars-Sinai Medical Center
Johns Hopkins Excellence in Pathogenesis and Immunity Center for SARS-CoV-2 (JH-EPIC)	Evaluate the innate and adaptive immune responses to SARS-CoV-2 in patients sampled longitudinally in order to distinguish immune responses that are protective from those that cause disease complications	Sabra L. Klein, Andrea L. Cox Johns Hopkins University
Tulane University COVID Antibody and Immunity Network (TUCAIN)	Characterize the antibody profiles in diverse populations of SARS-CoV-2 infected individuals including cancer patients; perform longitudinal studies of antibody specificity and function from COVID-19 survivors; and study how other seasonal coronaviruses shape immunity and clinical course of infection of the novel SARS-CoV-2	James E. Robinson Tulane University
Mechanisms and Duration of Immunity to SARS-CoV-2	Study the molecular mechanisms of the adaptive immune response in COVID-19 patients, including those with cancer and the medically underserved	Scott Dexter Boyd Stanford University
Immune Regulation of COVID-19 Infection in Cancer and Autoimmunity	Investigate immunological mechanisms underlying the course of COVID-19 infection in cancer patients and patients with autoimmune disease	Ignacio E. Sanz, Madhav V. Dhodapkar Emory University
Vulnerability of SARS-CoV-2 Infection in Lung Cancer Based on Serological Antibody Analyses	Gain insights into why patients with lung cancer show much higher susceptibility to mortality due to SARS-CoV-2 infection	Fred R. Hirsch, Adolfo Garcia-Sastre Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai



Also in 2020, Baric receives a grant through the North Carolina SeroNet Center for Excellence but its not funded by NIH/NIAID but rather by the National Cancer Institute for \$3.9 Million dollars

T	Act	Project	Year	Sub	Principal Investigator(s)/ Project Leader(s)	Organization	Fiscal Year	Admin IC	Funding IC	FY Total Cost by IC
					LI, FANG	CHAPEL HILL				
<b>North Carolina SeroNet Center for Excellence</b>										
1	U54CA260543-01				BARIC, RALPH S WALLET, SHANNON MARGARET	UNIV OF NORTH CAROLINA CHAPEL HILL	2020	NCI	NCI	\$3,974,612
<b>Systems Immunogenetics of Emerging Coronavirus Infections in the Collaborative Cross</b>										
5	U19AI100625-09		6276		BARIC, RALPH S	UNIV OF NORTH CAROLINA CHAPEL HILL	2020	NIAID	NIAID	\$428,666
<b>Systems Immunogenetics of Emerging Coronavirus Infections in the Collaborative Cross</b>										
3	U19AI100625-09S3		8833		BARIC, RALPH S	UNIV OF NORTH CAROLINA CHAPEL HILL	2020	NIAID	NIAID	\$91,160
<b>Task A38: Establishment of Small Animal Models for Screening Medical Countermeasures for the 2019 Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV)</b>										
	272201700036I-0-7 5930200001-1				BARIC, RALPH	UNIV OF NORTH CAROLINA CHAPEL HILL	2020	NIAID	NIAID	\$857,754
<b>Determinants of Coronavirus Fidelity in Replication and Pathogenesis</b>										
5	R01AI108197-09				DENISON, MARK R BARIC, RALPH S	VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER	2021	NIAID	NIAID	\$672,084

#### North Carolina SeroNet Center for Excellence

Project Number  
4U54CA260543-02

Contact PI/Project Leader  
BARIC, RALPH S Other PIs

Awardee Organization  
UNIV OF NORTH CAROLINA CHAPEL HILL

#### Organization

Name  
UNIV OF NORTH CAROLINA CHAPEL HILL  
City  
CHAPEL HILL  
Country  
UNITED STATES (US)

Department Type  
PUBLIC HEALTH & PREV MEDICINE  
Organization Type  
SCHOOLS OF PUBLIC HEALTH

State Code  
NC  
Congressional District  
04

#### Other Information

Opportunity Number  
RFA-CA-20-038  
Study Section  
ZCA1-GRB-I(A)

Administering Institutes or Centers  
National Cancer Institute

Project Start Date  
30-September-2020

CFDA Code  
394

Project End Date  
30-November-2024

Fiscal Year  
2022

Award Notice Date  
19-September-2022

DUNS Number  
608195277

UEI  
D3LHU66KBLD5

Budget Start Date  
01-September-2022

8 🗨️ Are you surprised by the funding being from NCI? I wasn't & only because I found that since 2019 more & more funds are going to Baric and not through NIH as much, but through the NCI. I have proof of this in UNC's Lineberger Cancer Institute's funding report for 2019...



[illegible]

Source: <https://unclineberger.org/wp-content/uploads/sites/867/2019/11/UNC-Lineberger-UCRF-Report-FY19.pdf>

Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	NH National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	5-R01-AI107070-01-05	4/20/15	3/1/20	Mechanisms of MERS-CoV Entry, Cross-Species Transmission and Pathogenesis	\$721,261
Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	University of Alabama at Birmingham	000502791-005	3/1/15	2/8/19	Antibody Drug Discovery and Development	\$464,200
Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	Columbia University	SIG660887739	3/1/16	2/28/20	Diagnostic and Prognostic Biomarkers for Severe Viral Lung Disease	\$889,018
Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	University of Alabama at Birmingham	H005-028281	3/1/16	5/21/19	Receptor recognition and cell entry of MERS-CoV	\$120,380
Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	5-U01-AI123718-01	8/9/12	7/13/12	Broad-spectrum antiviral GS-5734 to treat MERS-CoV and related emerging CoV	\$1,166,670
Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	Vanderbilt University Medical Center	H00K421666	3/1/18	2/28/20	Determinants of Coronavirus Filigenia Infection and Pathogenesis	\$299,120
Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	University of Alabama at Birmingham	U01A1-000540	3/1/18	2/28/20	Molecular Analysis and Cell Entry of MERS-CoV	\$169,630
Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	NH National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	HSN02-1180624P	3/1/18	3/1/19	Immunological Data for MERS-CoV vaccine and immunotherapeutic candidates	\$1,249,120
Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	University of Alabama at Birmingham	00050254-002	3/7/19	2/28/20	Antibody Drug Discovery and Development Center	\$581,930
Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	NH National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	1-U01-AI109641-01	7/16/13	3/1/20	Respiratory Virus Detection and Adjuvant Efficacy	\$1,070,000
Theme Investment (CC)	<a href="#">Baric</a>	Ralph	Pagoda Genomics	19-3032	6/19/19	6/2/21	Antibody Sample Testing	\$578,919

## 11 Grants listed for Baric

- Of those 11 grants, 4 were specifically funded by Fauci's Department, NIAID. [36%]
- Those 11 grants totaled \$5,505,516
- Of the total \$5,505,516 the amount that was from NIAID was \$3,034,123 [55%]

Source: <https://unclineberger.org/wp-content/uploads/sites/867/2019/11/UNC-Lineberger-UCRF-Report-FY19.pdf>

10 🧵 One grant for Baric was for looking into GS-5743 to "treat emerging coronaviruses" & the other million dollar grant was for "Respiratory Virus Vaccine & Adjuvants" Mind you, this is a 2019 report & GS-5743, btw, is the C19/Ebola poison, Remdesivir.

Theme Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	NIH National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	S-R01-AI110700-01-05	4/20/15	3/31/20	Mechanisms of MERS-CoV Entry, Cross-species Transmission and Pathogenesis	\$721.20
Theme Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	University of Alabama at Birmingham	000502793-005	3/1/15	2/28/19	Antiviral Drug Discovery and Development Center	\$462.64
Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	Columbia University	5UG0008377-391	3/1/16	2/29/20	Diagnostic and Prognostic Biomarkers for Viral Severe Lung Disease	\$889.09
Theme Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	University of Minnesota	N005402801	6/7/16	5/31/19	Receptor recognition and cell entry of coronaviruses	\$120.38
Theme Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	NIH National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	S-R01-AI132178-01-02	8/9/17	7/31/22	Broad-spectrum antiviral GS-5734 to treat MERS-CoV and related emerging CoV	\$1,166.67
Theme Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	Vanderbilt University Medical Center	VUMC 41666	3/1/18	2/29/20	Determinants of Coronavirus Fidelity in Replication and Pathogenesis	\$293.12
Theme Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	University of Texas at Austin	UTALB-000140	2/1/18	1/31/20	Molecular Analysis of Serum Antibody Constituents in Zika Virus Infection	\$116.62
Theme Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	NIH National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	HHS07220180462P	3/6/19	3/6/19	Immunological Data for MERS-CoV vaccine and immunotherapeutic candidates	\$146.24
Theme Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	University of Alabama at Birmingham	000520254-002	3/7/19	2/29/20	Antiviral Drug Discovery and Development Center	\$581.91
Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	NIH National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	1-U01-AI149644-01	4/19/19	3/31/24	Respiratory Virus Vaccine and Adjuvant Exploration	\$1,000.00
Theme Investment (CC)	Baric	Ralph	Papadia Genomics	19-3032	6/3/19	6/2/21	Antibody Sample Testing	\$7.67

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- Of those 11 grants, 4 were specifically funded by Fauci's Department, NIAID. [36%]
- Those 11 grants totaled \$5,505,516
- Of the total \$5,505,516 the amount that was from NIAID was \$3,034,123 [55%]

Source: <https://unclineberger.org/wp-content/uploads/sites/867/2019/11/UNC-Lineberger-UCRF-Report-FY19.pdf>

## Remdesivir (RDV; GS-5734) for the Treatment of Selected Coronavirus (CoV) Infection

### Single Patient Protocol (Patient X-X)

Gilead Sciences, Inc.  
333 Lakeside Drive  
Foster City, CA 94404

Version: 21 March 2020

**CONFIDENTIAL**

11 📖 Lastly, I want to let the government & all implicated COVID criminals know that you guys are really good at playing the accidentally ignorant experts. You pretend your critics are conspiracy theorists but i know that YOU know the COIs/conspiracy plaguing you all. 📌 U know!





**ACCORDING TO THE  
GOVERNMENT'S OWN  
ORI.HHS.GOV, A  
"CONFLICT OF INTEREST"  
IS DEFINED AS:**

12 Receipts

On behalf my friends, the vaccine injured: 🙌

You're gonna wish I took the jab, assholes. 🙌

I'm coming for the guilty. Bet on it. <https://www.cancer.gov/research/key-initiatives/covid-19/serological-sciences-network/u54-centers-of-excellence>  
<https://unclineberger.org/wp-content/uploads/sites/867/2019/11/UNC-Lineberger-UCRF-Report-FY19.pdf>  
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<https://www.thelancet.com/action/showPdf?pii=S0140-6736%2820%2930418-9>

## Sources:

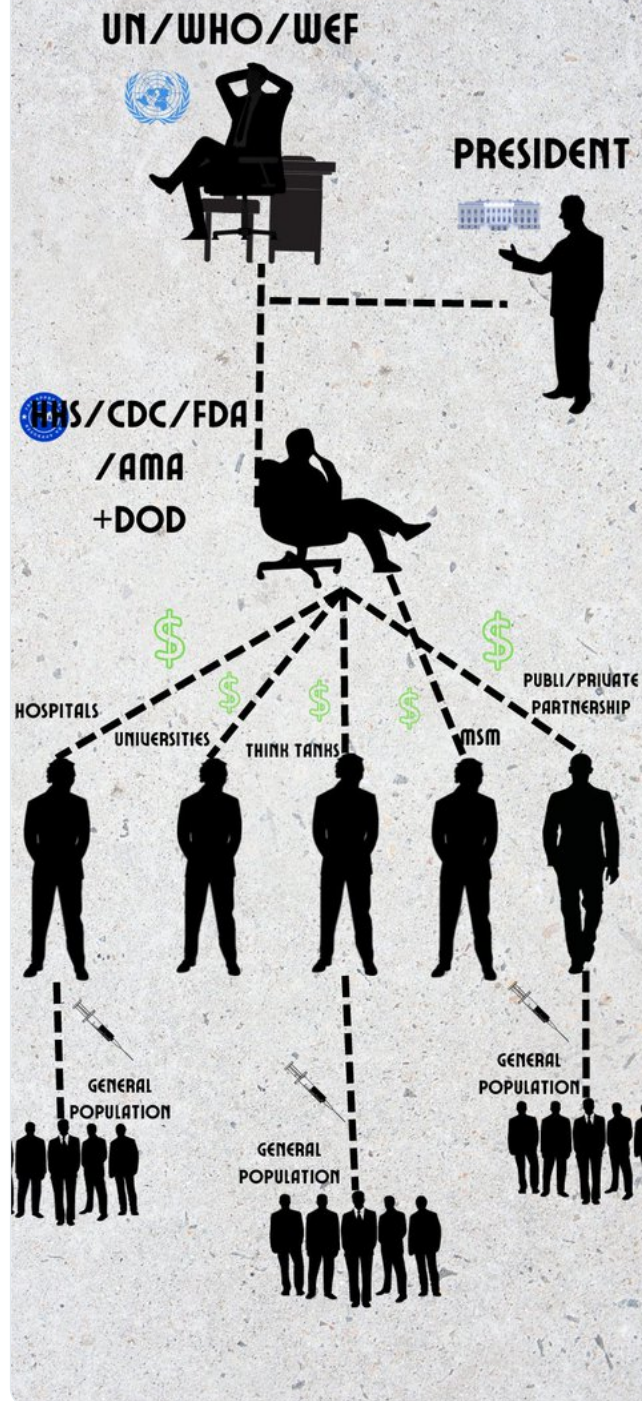
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[https://osp.od.nih.gov/wp-content/uploads/NSABB\\_January\\_2020\\_Meeting\\_Minutes.pdf](https://osp.od.nih.gov/wp-content/uploads/NSABB_January_2020_Meeting_Minutes.pdf)  
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[https://reporter.nih.gov/search/pOyEkDyRxxCzFmb\\_1ERKEQ/project-details/10688366](https://reporter.nih.gov/search/pOyEkDyRxxCzFmb_1ERKEQ/project-details/10688366)  
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[https://www.scripps.edu/\\_files/pdfs/campuses/florida/annualreport2020.pdf](https://www.scripps.edu/_files/pdfs/campuses/florida/annualreport2020.pdf)  
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# MEDICAL MAFIA ORGANIZATION



@threadreaderapp unroll

...



**Destiny Rezendes** @dezzie\_rezzie

Feb 9, 2024 · 12 tweets · [dezzie\\_rezzie/status/1756053850694287636](#)

1 📖 There is nothing that anyone can tell me to convince me that Ralph Baric of UNC Chapel Hill is an innocent character in the C19 Pandemic & neither is DARPA. By the end of this thread I'm sure you'll agree with me. [Buckle up, folks]



2 📖 Let's start with Moderna, the company that Baric signed a Material Transfer Agreement [MTA] w/ in 2015, 2017, & 2019. Moderna had simultaneously signed a MTA with NIH's Vaccine Research Center [VRC] for mRNA CoV vaccine platform.

[illegible]

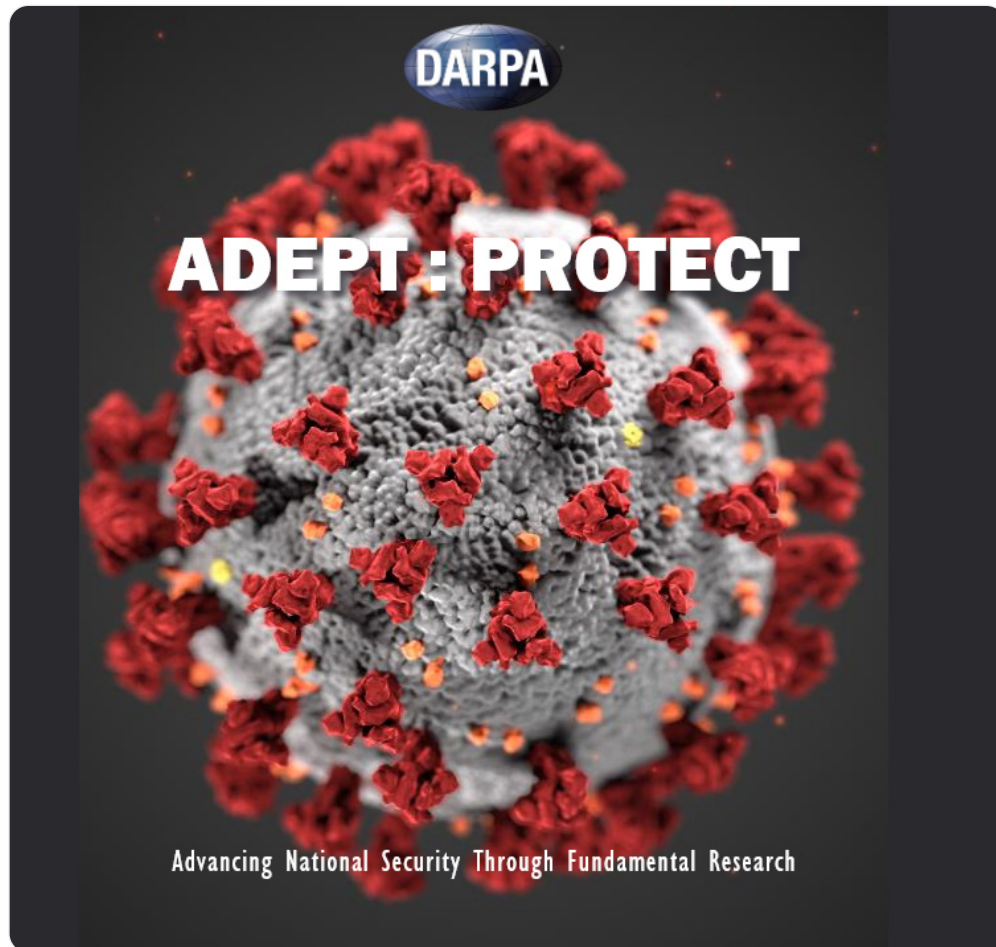
3 📌 Now, Moderna was a new startup that prior to C19 hadn't brought a vaccine to market, they did however in 2013 joined DARPA for a \$25M dollar project called ADEPT-PROTECT, whose stated goal is: Rapid development & deployment of medical countermeasures (MCMs) based on the encoding of antibodies in RNA and DNA. That's 25million of tax payer dollars to a company that had yet been successful by any meaningful measure. Moderna at the time was only 3 years old.



In 2013, the company formed a partnership with [AstraZeneca](#) to develop treatments for cardiovascular, metabolic, and renal diseases, as well as cancer. Moderna also was awarded a \$25,000,000 grant by DARPA through a program Autonomous Diagnostics to Enable Prevention and Therapeutics: Prophylactic Options to Environmental and Contagious Threats (ADEPT-PROTECT).<sup>[11]</sup> Its stated goal was to develop an mRNA vaccine with the capability to suppress a global pandemic within 60 days. In January 2014, the company entered an agreement with [Alexion Pharmaceuticals](#) to develop treatments against ten diseases.<sup>[12]</sup> On January 14, 2014, Moderna announced the creation of its first venture, Onkaido Therapeutics, to focus "exclusively on developing mRNA-based oncology treatments."<sup>[13][14]</sup> It launched its second venture, Valera, in January 2015, with a focus on "viral, bacterial and parasitic infectious diseases."<sup>[15][16]</sup> Employees of Valera and Moderna developed an mRNA vaccine candidate against [Zika virus](#) infection.<sup>[17]</sup> Another venture, Elpidera, was announced in May 2015 to continue work on RNA therapies advancing Moderna's work with Alexion.<sup>[18][19]</sup>

issues prevented their work from reaching human trials.<sup>[23]</sup>

Progress in the ADEPT program has earned supplemental 6.2 funding from the U. S. Congress in response to the 2014 Ebola virus outbreak in West Africa. To address current and future Ebola outbreaks, these funds were directed toward development, manufacture, and/or clinical evaluation of several MCMs, including one



4 📖 One year later in 2014, Moderna lands a collaboration with the Karolinska Institute [KI] in Sweden. Important to note that one of their founders, Ken Chien was a research director at KI since 2013, his specialty was cardiovascular biotechnology. Just before Chien started at KI, he was approached by another Moderna Founder, Derrick Rossi to begin creating what would become Moderna. Chien's focus after that was focused on his studies that found "mRNA in heart muscle, resulting in a patent on the discovery that triggered mRNA towards therapeutic applications."

**moderna**

**Moderna to Collaborate with Karolinska Institutet and Karolinska University Hospital on Discovery of New Messenger RNA Therapeutics™**

October 16, 2014

**Strategic research and clinical partnership will advance state-of-the-art discoveries on the use of messenger RNA (mRNA) Therapeutics™ to treat serious diseases**

**CAMBRIDGE, Mass. and STOCKHOLM, Sweden, October 16, 2014**—Moderna Therapeutics today announced a strategic, long-term collaboration with Karolinska Institutet (KI) and Karolinska University Hospital (KUH) for the discovery and development of innovative drugs using Moderna's messenger RNA (mRNA) Therapeutics™ technology. mRNA Therapeutics™ enable the in vivo production of both intracellular proteins and secreted proteins. As a result, Moderna's platform has the potential to speed the development and manufacture of treatments for many diseases that are currently untreatable with existing pharmaceutical approaches.

"This project is an important step in advancing medical science," said Professor Hans-Gustaf Ljunggren, Dean of Research at Karolinska Institutet. "It will help achieve our common goal of rapidly advancing new drug candidates into the clinic."

Under the terms of the partnership, Moderna will sponsor research grants for scientists at both institutions to conduct preclinical research with novel mRNA Therapeutics™. As this pre-clinical work is successfully completed, Moderna will conduct clinical trials of new drug candidates at Karolinska University Hospital.

"As a leading medical center, we continually strive to improve the treatment of serious diseases," said Professor Mats Eriksson, Karolinska University Hospital. "Our clinical researchers are excited to work with Moderna's groundbreaking mRNA Therapeutics platform and speed the advancement of new treatments to patients."

To solidify the scientific and clinical collaboration between the organizations, and to optimize the output of this important partnership, Moderna is creating a new laboratory in Stockholm, Sweden, located in the Novum building next to the Karolinska University Hospital Huddinge campus.

"Moderna is investing heavily to bring mRNA Therapeutics to patients, and our science is accelerating rapidly," said Stéphane Bancel, President and founding CEO of Moderna. "This partnership puts our mRNA Therapeutics platform in the hands of Karolinska's world-class scientists and clinical researchers to develop new drugs and therapeutic approaches that cannot be done with small molecules or biologics – bringing new hope to patients with serious diseases."

"Strategically, we view this, our first academic partnership, as highly complementary to our existing drug discovery and development efforts, both with our pharmaceutical partners AstraZeneca and Alexion and with Moderna ventures such as Onkaido," added Bancel. "Given the broad potential of this revolutionary drug technology, it was critical to us to work closely with a leading academic medical institution. We are honored to be partnering with one of the best academic medical research institutions in the world."



"Strategically, we view this, our first academic partnership, as highly complementary to our existing drug discovery and development efforts, both with our pharmaceutical partners AstraZeneca and Alexion and with Moderna ventures such as Onkaido," added Bancel. "Given the broad potential of this revolutionary drug technology, it was critical to us to work closely with a leading academic medical institution. We are honored to be partnering with one of the best academic medical research institutions in the world."

For more information on Karolinska Institutet and Karolinska University Hospital, please visit [ki.se](http://ki.se) and [karolinska.se](http://karolinska.se).

For more information on Moderna Therapeutics please visit [modernatx.com](http://modernatx.com).

#### About Karolinska Institutet

Onkaido Therapeutics, a venture company formed, funded and wholly-owned by Moderna, is focused exclusively on the advancement of oncology products for previously undruggable targets and as a superior alternative to existing drug modalities. Leveraging Moderna's messenger RNA Therapeutics™ platform, an entirely new in vivo drug modality that produces human proteins or antibodies inside patient cells, Onkaido plans to rapidly turn scientific innovation into cancer therapies that can make a real difference for patients. [onkaido.com](http://onkaido.com)

#### About Karolinska University Hospital

Karolinska University Hospital is one of Europe's largest university hospitals and together with Karolinska Institutet has a leading role within the field of medical breakthroughs. The hospital aims to always put the patient first by providing the best possible medical expertise, treatment and care. Through innovation and active collaboration with industry and academia, it is committed to being internationally prominent in medicine, research and education.

#### About Moderna Therapeutics

Moderna is pioneering [messenger.RNA.Therapeutics™](http://messenger.RNA.Therapeutics™), an entirely new in vivo drug modality that produces human proteins or antibodies inside patient cells, which are in turn secreted or active intracellularly. This breakthrough platform addresses currently undruggable targets and offers a superior alternative to existing drug modalities for a wide range of disease conditions. Moderna has developed a broad intellectual property estate, including more than 320 patent applications covering novel nucleotide chemistries and drug compositions. The company plans to develop and commercialize its innovative mRNA drugs through a combination of strategic relationships as well as new formed ventures, like [Onkaido.I.L.C](http://Onkaido.I.L.C), its oncology Drug Development Company. Founded by [Flagship.Venture.Labs™](http://Flagship.Venture.Labs™) Cambridge-based Moderna is privately held and currently has strategic agreements with [AstraZeneca](http://AstraZeneca) and [Alexion Pharmaceuticals](http://Alexion.Pharmaceuticals). To learn more, visit [www.modernatx.com](http://www.modernatx.com).

[https://s29.q4cdn.com/435878511/files/doc\\_news/2014/10/16/moderna-collaborate-karolinska-institutet-and-karolinska.pdf](https://s29.q4cdn.com/435878511/files/doc_news/2014/10/16/moderna-collaborate-karolinska-institutet-and-karolinska.pdf)

## moderna

### Moderna Announces Funding Award from BARDA for \$8 Million with Potential of up to \$125 Million to Accelerate Development of Zika Messenger RNA (mRNA) Vaccine

September 7, 2016

#### Company plans to file IND by end of 2016

**CAMBRIDGE, Mass., September 7, 2016** — Moderna Therapeutics, a clinical stage biotechnology company pioneering messenger RNA (mRNA) Therapeutics™ to create a new generation of transformative medicines for patients, today announced a funding award of \$8 million with the potential of up to \$125 million from the Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority (BARDA), a division of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response (ASPR) within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), to accelerate development of a novel Zika mRNA vaccine.

Under the terms of the agreement, Moderna will manufacture and supply the vaccine for large-scale manufacturing. Moderna plans to file an IND by the end of 2016 and begin its company's preclinical work. Development efforts are ongoing.

"We believe our mRNA vaccine technology, which may position Moderna as a leader in the field, is quickly as possible, and we are currently in Phase 1 study within the field of infectious diseases. Moderna has two additional Phase 1 studies for approximately 250 healthy individuals. The therapeutic focus for these studies is on rare diseases and personalized cancer vaccines. Moderna is privately held and currently has strategic agreements with [AstraZeneca](http://AstraZeneca), [Alexion Pharmaceuticals](http://Alexion Pharmaceuticals), [Merck](http://Merck) and [Vertex Pharmaceuticals](http://Vertex Pharmaceuticals). To learn more, visit [www.modernatx.com](http://www.modernatx.com).

"With two mRNA infectious disease vaccine technology, we're in the fortunate position of being able to rapidly apply learnings to inform our Zika vaccine development program," said Michael Watson, President of Valera. "It's clear the world needs novel, innovative approaches to address both known and future infectious disease threats. We hope to be at the forefront of advancing this innovation."

#### About Moderna's mRNA Vaccine Technology

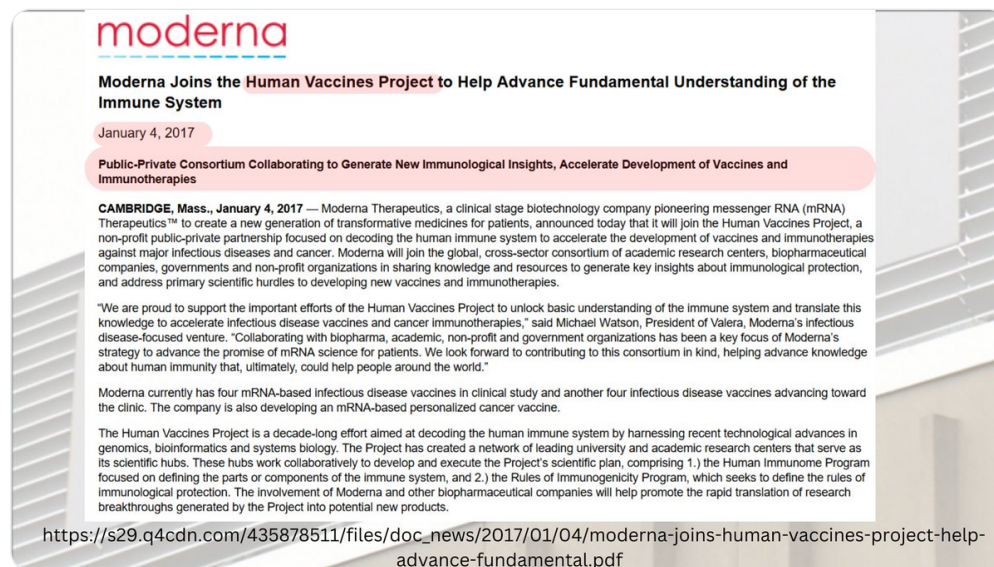
Vaccines work by mimicking an infection from a known pathogen, such as a virus, without causing disease. They teach the immune system to recognize antigens, which are parts of pathogens. Current vaccines introduce antigens to the body as weakened or inactivated pathogens or as selected antigens produced outside the body. Moderna's approach more closely mimics nature by delivering mRNA to the body's cells, which, in turn, produce antigenic proteins as if the body was infected by a virus. These antigenic proteins are identified and remembered by the immune system. When a person is exposed to the pathogen in the future, the body is able to recognize it as foreign and mounts an immune response, including production of antibodies that can help to destroy the pathogen.

#### About Moderna Therapeutics


Moderna is a clinical stage pioneer of [messenger.RNA.Therapeutics™](http://messenger.RNA.Therapeutics™), an entirely new in vivo drug technology that produces human proteins, antibodies and entirely novel protein constructs inside patient cells, which are in turn secreted or active intracellularly. This breakthrough platform addresses currently undruggable targets and offers a superior alternative to existing drug modalities for a wide range of diseases and conditions. Moderna is developing and plans to commercialize its innovative mRNA drugs through its own ventures and its strategic relationships with established pharmaceutical and biotech companies. Its current ventures are: [Onkaido](http://Onkaido), focused on oncology; [Valera](http://Valera), focused on infectious diseases; [Elpidora](http://Elpidora), focused on rare diseases; and [Caperna](http://Caperna), focused on personalized cancer vaccines. Founded by [Flagship.Venture.Labs™](http://Flagship.Venture.Labs™) Cambridge-based Moderna is privately held and currently has strategic agreements with [AstraZeneca](http://AstraZeneca), [Alexion Pharmaceuticals](http://Alexion Pharmaceuticals), [Merck](http://Merck) and [Vertex Pharmaceuticals](http://Vertex Pharmaceuticals). To learn more, visit [www.modernatx.com](http://www.modernatx.com).

[https://s29.q4cdn.com/435878511/files/doc\\_news/2016/09/07/moderna-announces-funding-award-barda-8-million-potential-125.pdf](https://s29.q4cdn.com/435878511/files/doc_news/2016/09/07/moderna-announces-funding-award-barda-8-million-potential-125.pdf)





5 📖 Almost 2yrs ago I made this infographic to highlight these details. \*As a side note; #BillGates the eugenics-minded college drop-out that pretends he's a doctor actually got a degree, albeit honorary, from the Karolinska Institute in 2004. <https://www.fiercebiotech.com/biotech/press-release-bill-and-melinda-gates-to-receive-honorary-degrees-from-karolinska-institutet>



Moderna headquarters in Cambridge, Massachusetts

**Formerly** Moderna Therapeutics (2010–2018)

**Type** Public


**Traded as** Nasdaq: MRNA; S&P 500 component

**ISIN** US60770K1079

**Industry** Biotechnology

**Founded** September 2010; 12 years ago

**Founders** Derrick Rossi, Timothy A. Springer, Robert S. Langer, Kenneth R. Chien, ~~Robert Royce~~



Kenneth Chien, MD, PhD, Professor

### Kenneth R. Chien

**Career and research** [edit]

Chien became a member of the faculty at the University of California at San Diego<sup>[14]</sup> acting as director of the Institute for Molecular Medicine from 2000 to 2005, with an adjunct appointment as a Professor of the Salk Institute<sup>[15]</sup> During that period, Chien was also responsible for co-founding the Institute of Molecular Medicine at Beijing's Peking University<sup>[15]</sup> Chien then worked as Scientific **Director of the Cardiovascular Research Center** at Massachusetts General Hospital from 2005 to 2012, concurrent to directing the Cardiovascular Program of the Harvard Stem Cell Institute from 2007 to 2013.<sup>[14]</sup> In 2013 Chien took up a position as Professor of Cardiovascular Research and Research Director of the Wallenberg-Cardiovascular Institute **at Karolinska Institute** in Stockholm, Sweden.<sup>[14]</sup> In an interview, Chien discussed the opportunity at KI to work closely with AstraZeneca in Malmö to move forward discoveries in regenerative therapeutics made in his lab towards clinical application, as well as praising Sweden as "a country that has decided to put its faith in science and technology".<sup>[16]</sup> Dr Chien has received numerous grants from the National Heart, Lung, And Blood Institute, dating back to 1985.<sup>[17]</sup> He has also applied for several patents, securing a total of 17.<sup>[18]</sup>

**Moderna involvement** [edit]

While working at Harvard, Chien was approached by Derrick Rossi, a colleague at the Harvard Stem Cell Institute, about co-founding a newco, based on findings in the Rossi lab on reprogramming stem cells with mRNA.<sup>[19]</sup> This eventually turned into the medical research company Moderna Therapeutics, co-founded by Rossi. Chien and Bob Langer under the aegis of Flagship Ventures in 2011.<sup>[20]</sup> In 2011, the Chien Lab made the discovery of the high efficiency expression of VEGF mRNA in heart muscle, resulting in a patent on the discovery that triggered mRNA towards therapeutic applications.<sup>[18][21]</sup> In 2013, Chien and his associates documented the ability of VEGF mRNA for coronary vascular regeneration and to reverse the onset of heart dysfunction, thereby opening the potential of were researching the possibility of using synthetic messenger RNA (mRNA) to produce therapeutic desired effects in a patient's muscle cells.

*"What we have shown is that muscle cells take up this synthetic mRNA and will express almost any protein quickly. The technology will allow an intense, focused, one-time application to drive a therapeutic effect that might have a long-lasting effect by affecting, expanding and redirecting the fate of rare native tissue progenitors that are normally mobilized during injury and usually contribute to scar tissue."*<sup>[19]</sup> At Karolinska, the Chien lab documented the ability to generate large numbers of human islet heart progenitor cells from human embryonic stem cells, which resulted in a partnership with AstraZeneca to move the project toward clinical application.<sup>[22][23]</sup>

In February 2019, AstraZeneca and the Chien lab reported the first in human study of an mRNA therapeutic, noting reversal of vascular dysfunction in diabetic patients by VEGF mRNA.<sup>[24]</sup>

### Heart

Article Talk

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

*This article is about the internal organ. For other uses, see Heart (disambiguation). "Cardiac" redirects here. For the computer programming tool, see CARDIAC. For the comics character, see The Flash (comics).*

The **heart** is a **muscular** organ in most animals. This organ pumps blood through the blood vessels of the circulatory system.<sup>[1]</sup> The pumped blood carries oxygen and nutrients to the body, while carrying metabolic waste such as carbon dioxide to the lungs.<sup>[2]</sup> In humans, the heart is approximately the size of a closed fist and is located between the lungs, in the middle compartment of the chest.<sup>[3]</sup>

**moderna**

In October 2013, the company was awarded up to \$25 million by **DARPA** to develop messenger RNA therapeutics. In November 2013, the company raised \$110 million of equity financing.<sup>[20]</sup>

**2021** [edit]

On March 15, 2021, Phase I clinical trials began for mRNA-1283, primarily intended to be used as a COVID-19 vaccine booster.<sup>[45]</sup>

On June 25, 2021, the Food and Drug Administration added a warning about rare cases of **myocarditis**, a heart inflammation, associated with both Moderna and Pfizer/BioNTech vaccines to their **package insert** fact sheets.<sup>[46][47]</sup>

In September 2021, the company began work on a combined COVID-19 vaccine booster and influenza vaccine.<sup>[53]</sup> That same month, it entered an agreement with biomanufacturing company **National Resilience** to manufacture genetic components for its COVID-19 products at its facility in Mississauga, Ontario.<sup>[54]</sup>

**[RESILIENCE] Board of Directors**

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**Chris Darby**  
CEO, In-Q-Tel

**Susan Desmond-Hellmann, MEd, MPH**  
Former CEO, Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation

6 🇺🇸 Where things get strange is when you find o/that BEFORE Baric started playing Frankenstein w/ Bat CoVs he was messing with Rabbit CoVs. In his 1992 publication Baric explored how Rabbit's infected w/CoVs suffered Myocarditis. Oddly its a similar mechanism to what Chien was looking into at KI when he started Moderna.

Pfizer Press release

Covid-19

Vaccines

## Pfizer and BioNTech Receive Expanded U.S. FDA Emergency Use Authorization of COVID-19 Vaccine Booster to Include Individuals 18 and Older

Friday, November 19, 2021 - 08:25am



- Expanded authorization allows more Americans to receive a booster dose to help preserve a high-level of protection against COVID-19

NEW YORK & MAINZ, Germany--(BUSINESS WIRE)-- Pfizer Inc. (NYSE: PFE) and BioNTech SE (Nasdaq: BNTX) today announced that the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has expanded the emergency use authorization (EUA) of a booster dose of the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine to include individuals 18 years of age and older. The booster dose is to be

### An Experimental Model for Myocarditis and Congestive Heart Failure after Rabbit Coronavirus Infection

Suzanne Edwards, J. David Small,  
Joachim Dieter Geratz, Lorraine K. Alexander,  
and Ralph S. Baric

Department of Epidemiology, Program in Infectious Diseases, School of  
Public Health, and Department of Pathology, School of Medicine,  
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

In a model for virus-induced myocarditis and congestive heart failure, rabbit coronavirus infection was divided into acute (days 2-5) and subacute (days 6-12) phases on the basis of day of death and pathologic findings. During the acute phase, the principal histologic lesions were degeneration and necrosis of myocytes, myocytolysis, interstitial edema, and hemorrhage. The severity of these changes increased in the subacute phase. Pleural effusion and congestion of the lungs and liver were also present at this time. Myocarditis was detected by day 9 and peaked by day 12. Heart weights and heart weight-to-body weight ratios were increased, and dilation of the right ventricular cavity became prominent early in infection and persisted. In contrast, dilation of the left ventricle occurred late in the subacute stage. Virus was isolated from infected hearts between days 2 and 12. These data suggest that rabbit coronavirus infection progresses to myocarditis and congestive heart failure.

Viruses have long been agents of heart disease [1-3]. Epidemiologic evidence, 20-50% of a human population of cardiac involvement [2] animals, viruses common the picornaviruses, paramyxoviruses, and coronaviruses may result in degeneration lead to inflammation of a result in arrhythmias, etc collapse, and acute congestive viral infection of the heart factor in the development [10-11].

Received 20 June 1991; revised 10 July 1991; accepted 10 July 1991.

Contract grant sponsor: National Institutes of Health (NIH) and Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS).

Reprints or correspondence: Dr. Ralph S. Baric, Department of Epidemiology, School of Public Health, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, 1405 North Campus Drive, Chapel Hill, NC 27599-7000.

The Journal of Infectious Diseases, 1992, 165:534-540.

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... rabbit coronavirus infection progresses to myocarditis and congestive heart failure.

<http://tinyurl.com/3hurh7k6>



1992

day 12. Heart weights and heart weight-to-body weight ratios were increased, and dilation of the right ventricular cavity became prominent early in infection and persisted. In contrast, dilation of the left ventricle was isolated from infected hearts. Rabbit coronavirus infection progresses to myocarditis and congestive heart failure.

RbCV infection results in degeneration and necrosis of myocytes, myocarditis, interstitial edema, hemorrhage, increased heart weight and heart weight-to-body weight ratios, and dilated ventricles. Although dry weights of the hearts were not determined, pathologic findings suggest that the increase in heart weight is probably caused by interstitial edema. Animals dying in the subacute stage of the disease develop congestion in the lungs and liver, suggesting that a significant percentage of these animals probably die from heart failure. Manifestations of both left- and right-sided heart failure are clearly evident in the subacute phase of infection [4, 6, 7, 21]. Previous studies in our laboratory clearly demonstrated the presence of viral antigen in regions of myocardial degeneration and infectious virus in the hearts of infected animals, supporting the idea that changes in the myocardium are most likely caused by viral replication in the heart muscle [17].

Coxsackie B virus and encephalomyocarditis virus (both enteroviruses) infections in mice are the best-characterized model systems for virus-induced heart disease [1, 5]. The exact mechanism for their pathogenesis is still controversial; however, considerable evidence suggests that the disease is primarily immune-mediated rather than the result of direct viral damage.

**Materials and Methods**

**Animals and virus.** Rabbit coronavirus (RbCV) was originally obtained from a stock maintained by one of the authors (J.D.S.). Viral stocks were diluted to  $10^5$ – $10^6$  RID<sub>50</sub>/ml and stored at  $-140^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Male New Zealand white rabbits (Charles River, Wilmington, MA) were used.

Received 20 June 1991; revised 6 September 1991.  
Presented in part: International Coronavirus Symposium, Cambridge, UK, July 1989.  
Grant support: National Institutes of Health (AI-23946); American Heart Association (871135 and Established Investigator Award 890192 to R.S.B.).  
Reprints or correspondence: Dr. Ralph S. Baric, Department of Epidemiology, School of Public Health, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Chapel Hill, NC 27599-7400.  
*The Journal of Infectious Diseases* 1992;165:134–40.  
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0022-1899/92/6501-0018\$01.00

<http://tinyurl.com/3hurh7k6>

day 12. Heart weights and heart weight-to-body weight ratios were increased, and dilation of the right ventricular cavity became prominent early in infection and persisted. In contrast, dilation of the left ventricle was isolated from infected hearts. Rabbit coronavirus infection progresses to myocarditis and congestive heart failure.

[1]. Rather, the preponderance of data suggest that cardiac damage is immune-mediated [12, 13, 34–39]. The pathogenic mechanism is unclear. The disease correlates with the presence of viral antigens and myocardial necrosis. Infection produces a hyperinflammatory response with necrotic cell death. The disease may initially be reported early in canine parvovirus infection [31].

**We have described a model system for virus-induced myocarditis and congestive heart failure in rabbits. These data provide the underlying foundation for future studies examining the mechanism of RbCV-induced heart disease in rabbits.**

We have described a model system for virus-induced myocarditis and congestive heart failure in rabbits. These data provide the underlying foundation for future studies examining the mechanism of RbCV-induced heart disease in rabbits.

thy [8–11].  
Coxsackie B virus and encephalomyocarditis virus (both enteroviruses) infections in mice are the best-characterized model systems for virus-induced heart disease [1, 5]. The exact mechanism for their pathogenesis is still controversial; however, considerable evidence suggests that the disease is primarily immune-mediated rather than the result of direct viral damage.

**Dimensions of the cardiac walls during RbCV infection.** Changes in the size of the heart and, in particular, dimensions of the ventricles were evident after RbCV infection (figure 2). To conclusively document the anatomic changes in the heart during infection, the thickness of the ventricular wall was measured through the coronal axis at the midpoint of the ventricles.

nally obtained from a stock maintained by one of the authors (J.D.S.). Viral stocks were diluted to  $10^5$ – $10^6$  RID<sub>50</sub>/ml and stored at  $-140^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Male New Zealand white rabbits (Charles River, Wilmington, MA) were used.

<http://tinyurl.com/3hurh7k6>

7 📖 We now know that Pfizer, who stole the mRNA C19 formula from Moderna, had known that Myocarditis was a Serious Adverse Event for their injections LONG before it was made public in November 2021 after it had been injected into billions of people. This has since been admitted by Pfizer & covered by great minds like @P\_McCulloughMD & @JesslovesMJK  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC10823859/>

## ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC CHANGES FOLLOWING RABBIT CORONAVIRUS INFECTION

Lorraine K. Alexander, Bruce W. Keene, and Ralph S. Baric

The Department of Epidemiology  
The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill  
Chapel Hill, North Carolina  
The College of Veterinary Medicine  
North Carolina State University  
Raleigh, North Carolina

Much of our understanding of the mechanisms by which viruses cause myocarditis and/or dilated cardiomyopathy (DCM) is based on animal models of virus-induced heart disease. Information concerning cardiac function during acute and/or chronic viral infection in these models is limited (1). A well-defined model in a species conducive to monitoring of cardiac function is needed to enhance our understanding of viral induced heart disease. We have previously demonstrated that rabbit coronavirus (RbCV) infection results in degeneration and necrosis of myocytes, myocarditis, and gross organ and histopathologic changes of DCM (2,3). We have also shown that electrocardiographic changes observed during RbCV infection mimic those in humans with myocarditis and DCM (submitted). This chapter describes the echocardiographic changes observed during RbCV infection.

Eleven male New Zealand white rabbits were selected prior to echocardiography with a combination of xylazine (0.17 mg/kg) and ketamine (17 mg/kg). An electrocardiogram was monitored continuously during echocardiography and two-dimensional echocardiographic views were recorded with the animal in right lateral recumbency from the right parasternal long and short-axis positions using a 7.5 MHz annular array transducer. Measurements of left ventricular (LV) size, systolic function, mitral valve motion, and aortic and left atrial diameter were made according to the American Society of Echocardiography standards for M-mode echocardiography. Briefly, M-mode measurements included LV end diastolic and systolic chamber dimensions and wall thickness obtained by guiding the M-mode cursor between the papillary muscles from a right parasternal short-axis imaging plane just ventral to the mitral valve leaflets at the level of the chordae tendinae. Aortic and left atrial dimensions were measured from an M-mode view obtained by guiding the cursor through the aorta and left atrium in a right parasternal short axis view at the level of the aortic valve. The mitral valve motion and E-point - septal separation was observed and recorded from M-mode images obtained by guiding the cursor through a right parasternal

Coron. and Related Viruses, Edited by R. J. Tabor and G. A. Leary  
Bioscience Resource Project, 1999

2 ± 0.24  
2 ± 0.17  
2 ± 4.85  
2 ± 0.07  
8 ± 0.08  
1 ± 0.11  
0 ± 0.12  
8 ± 0.14  
6 ± 0.12  
2 ± 0.20  
4 ± 0.04

1.13 ± 0.44

1.14 ± 0.12

L. K. Alexander et al.

Table 1. Cardiac function values for 11 RbCV infected rabbits

Measurement	Uninfected <sup>a</sup> n=11	Nonsurvivors <sup>b</sup> n=5	Survivors <sup>c</sup> n=5
Left Ventricular (LV) diameter (d) (cm)	1.42 ± 0.24	1.13 ± 0.44	1.14 ± 0.12
LV diameter (d') (cm)	0.62 ± 0.17	0.93 ± 0.36	0.84 ± 0.17
% Fractional shortening	35.5 ± 4.85	17.33 ± 6.19	26.17 ± 12
Septal wall thickness (d) (cm)	0.22 ± 0.07	0.25 ± 0.06	0.22 ± 0.05
Septal wall thickness (s) (cm)	0.38 ± 0.08	0.28 ± 0.09	0.33 ± 0.12
LV posterior wall thickness (d) (cm)	0.31 ± 0.11	0.32 ± 0.08	0.26 ± 0.03
LV posterior wall thickness (s) (cm)	0.50 ± 0.12	0.44 ± 0.13	0.42 ± 0.06
Left atrium diameter (cm)	0.88 ± 0.14	0.93 ± 0.15	0.86 ± 0.10
Aorta (cm)	0.66 ± 0.12	0.74 ± 0.13	0.68 ± 0.05
Left atrium Ao	1.22 ± 0.20	1.06 ± 0.39	1.28 ± 0.14
E point septal separation (EPSS)	0.14 ± 0.04	0.22 ± 0.16	0.126 ± 0.09

a = Mean ± SD.  
b = Day 3 after infection.  
c = diastole.  
d' = systole.

short axis view at the level of the mitral valve. LV fractional shortening was calculated as an ejection phase index of systolic function. All values reported reflect the mean of 3 measurements made on sinus beats. Rabbits were infected with 0.3 ml of a 1X 10<sup>3</sup> - 1X 10<sup>4</sup> RID<sub>50</sub> of RbCV and echocardiographic measurements were repeated using the same anesthetic and measurement protocol on days 3, 6, 9, 12 and 30 post-infection.

Two (18%) rabbits died during the acute phase of infection (day 3), 4 (36%) died in the early subacute phase (day 6), and 5 (45%) survived beyond day 12 into the chronic phase. Echocardiographic data is displayed in Table 1. The index of systolic ventricular function

ie. LV fractional shortening was calculated as  
n. All values reported reflect the mean of 3  
were infected with 0.3 ml of a 1X 10<sup>3</sup> - 1X 10<sup>4</sup>

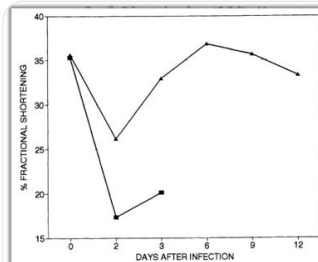


Figure 1. Percent fractional shortening in 11 RbCV infected rabbits.

a = Mean ± SD.  
b = Day 3 after infection.  
c = diastole.  
d = systole.

short axis view at the level of the  
an ejection phase index of systolic  
measurements made on sinus beats. Rabbits were infected with 0.3 ml of a 1X 10<sup>3</sup> - 1X 10<sup>4</sup>

[https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.1007/978-1-4615-1899-0\\_18.pdf](https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.1007/978-1-4615-1899-0_18.pdf)

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0.42 ± 0.06  
0.88 ± 0.14  
0.93 ± 0.15  
0.86 ± 0.10

### Echocardiographic Changes following Rabbit Coronavirus Infection

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chosen, % fractional shortening was depressed in all infected rabbits by day 3 post infection (Figure 1). Fractional shortening was more depressed in nonsurvivors (17.33 ± 6.19%, p = <0.001 from controls) as compared to survivors (26.17 ± 12%, ns from control). Mean LV wall thickness, chamber dimensions, and left atrial dimensions were not significantly different from controls throughout the study in either survivors or nonsurvivors. These findings confirm our previous pathologic studies in which rabbits dying early in infection (days 2-5) did not have significantly different LV wall thickness, and chamber dimensions from control animals.

We conclude that RbCV infection depresses an ejection phase index of systolic LV function, that this depression precedes gross morphologic changes in the ventricle, and that severe systolic dysfunction correlates positively with mortality. These findings provide a direct link between the severity of virus-induced cardiac dysfunction and survival during RbCV infection, characterizing a reproducible model of cardiac dysfunction following viral infection of the heart.



<p><b>1991-1998</b> Ralph Baric completes work on NIAID funded Rabbit Coronaviruses + Myocarditis</p> <p><b>1995: ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC CHANGES FOLLOWING RABBIT CORONAVIRUS INFECTION-Baric</b></p>	<p><b>2008:</b> Mark Denison &amp; Ralph Baric synthesize full-length viral genomes to about 30 kb &amp; recovery of a recombinant bat SARS-like coronavirus (SCoV)</p> <p><b>2015:</b> Nature Article "Risky Bat Research" comes into the spotlight [Shi Zhengli-Li &amp; Baric]</p>	<p><b>2017:</b> Alexion Pharmaceuticals breaks \$100M partnership w/Moderna</p> <p><b>Dec 2018:</b> Moderna goes public as the biggest biotech IPO in history at \$7.5b</p> <p><b>-EHA +Baric apply for DARPA project on SARS-CoVs</b></p>
<p><b>2006.</b> Synthetic Viral Genomics. by Baric discloses "No-see-um" site method for chimeric SARS</p> <p><b>2010:</b> Moderna Founded</p> <p><b>2013:</b> RATG13 is discovered in China</p>	<p><b>Moderna and NIH's VRC join in collaborative agreement, renewed in 2017 &amp; 2019 for Coronavirus/mRNA vaccine Platform</b></p> <p><b>2017:</b> Ralph Baric Signs a MTA with Moderna &amp; the VRC for coronavirus vaccine technology</p>	<p><b>Dec 2019-</b> C19 is spreading in China, Baric amends his Moderna Contract</p> <p><b>Nov 2021-</b> Pfizer admits Myocarditis was an observed side effect [mainly young men] for their C19 injection.</p>


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## Pfizer and BioNTech Receive Expanded U.S. FDA Emergency Use Authorization of COVID-19 Vaccine Booster to Include Individuals 18 and Older

Friday, November 19, 2021 - 08:25am






- Expanded authorization allows more Americans to receive a booster dose to help preserve a high-level of protection against COVID-19

NEW YORK & MAINZ, Germany--(BUSINESS WIRE)-- Pfizer Inc. (NYSE: PFE) and BioNTech SE (Nasdaq: BNTX) today announced that the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has expanded the emergency use authorization (EUA) of a booster dose of the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine to include individuals 18 years of age and older. The booster dose is to be

8 📖 This thread is already not for the faint of heart, so to save time I suggest reading the details of the MTA between Moderna, Baric and the NIH's VRC leading up to 2020: & how Moderna made the C19 jab formulation in ONE DAY:

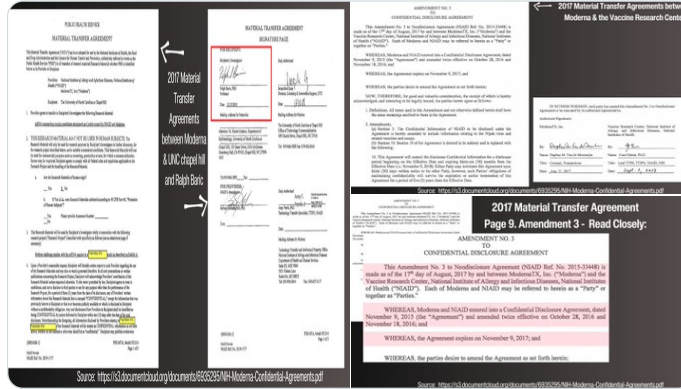


**Destiny Rezendes**   
@dezzie\_rezzie · Follow



Replying to @dezzie\_rezzie

8 📄 In that same MTA, later amended, Ralph Baric signs the MTA in 2019 for the same technology but read Amendment 3 carefully. According to the contract, the collaboration between VRC and Moderna didn't start in 2017, but rather on Nov 9, 2015. 🕒 🤔



10:45 PM · Nov 30, 2023



72



See the latest COVID-19 information on X

Read 2 replies

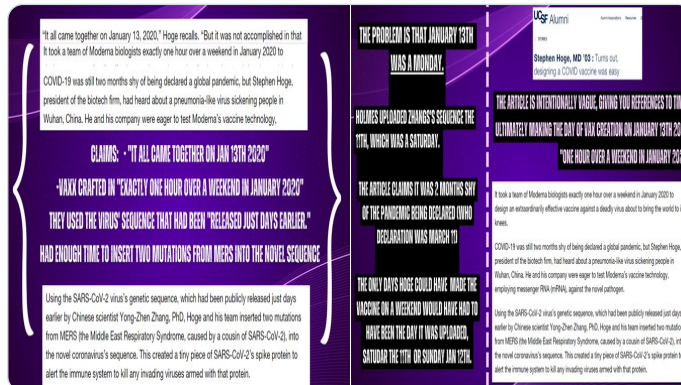


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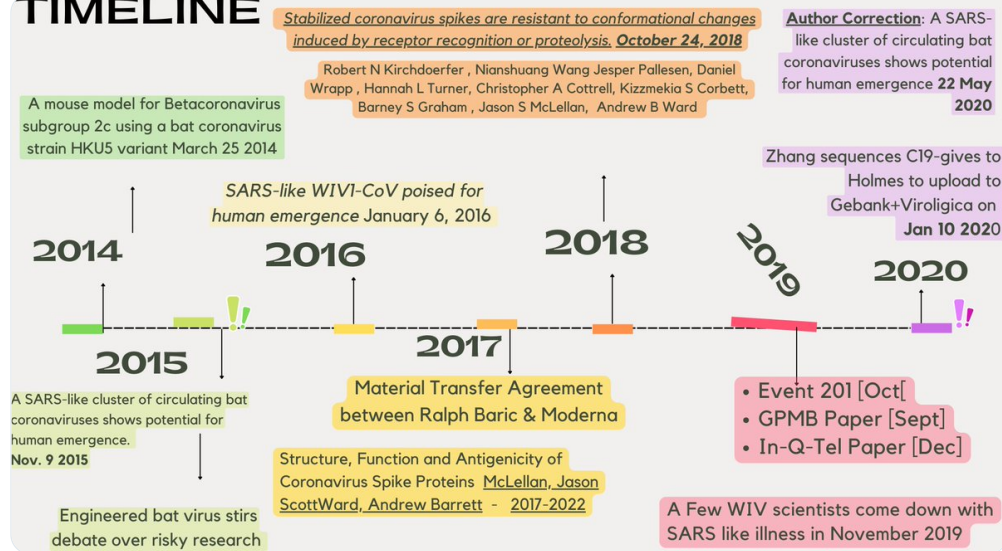


Replying to @dezzie\_rezzie

10 📄 Hoge (Moderna) claims he created the C19 📄 in 1hr, over a weekend on Jan 13th 2020. However, the 13th was a weekday- a Monday. Zhang/Howell uploaded the sequence on Sat. the 11th. Hoge admits he was "Eager" to get to "Test" out the 📄 .



## TIMELINE



### JOURNAL ARTICLE

## An Experimental Model for Myocarditis and Congestive Heart Failure after Rabbit Coronavirus Infection

Suzanne Edwards, J. David Small, Joachim Dieter Geratz, Lorraine K. Alexander and Ralph S. Baric

The Journal of Infectious Diseases

Vol. 165, No. 1 (Jan., 1992), pp. 134-140 (7 pages)

Published By: Oxford University Press



#### About the Human Vaccines Project

The Human Vaccines Project is a non-profit public-private partnership with the mission to accelerate the development of vaccines and immunotherapies against major infectious diseases and cancers by decoding the human immune system. The Project has a growing list of partners and financial supporters including: Vanderbilt University Medical Center, the J. Craig Venter Institute, the La Jolla Institute, The Scripps Research Institute, UC San Diego, Aeras, Boehringer Ingelheim, Crucell/Janssen, GSK, Pfizer, MedImmune, Regeneron, Sanofi Pasteur, the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and the John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation. The Project brings together leading academic research centers, industrial partners, nonprofits and governments to address the primary scientific barriers to developing new vaccines and immunotherapies, and has been endorsed by 35 of the world's leading vaccine scientists. [www.humanvaccinesproject.org](http://www.humanvaccinesproject.org)

#### About Moderna Therapeutics

Moderna is a clinical stage pioneer of [messenger RNA Therapeutics™](#), an entirely new in vivo drug technology that directs the body's cells to produce human proteins, antibodies and entirely novel protein constructs, which are in turn secreted or active intracellularly. With its breakthrough platform, Moderna is developing mRNA vaccines and therapeutics to address currently undruggable targets and deliver a new class of medicines for a wide range of diseases and conditions. Moderna is developing and plans to commercialize its innovative mRNA medicines for infectious diseases, cancer (immunooncology), rare diseases, cardiovascular disease and pulmonary disease, through its ecosystem of internal ventures and strategic partners.

Headquartered in Cambridge, Mass., privately held Moderna currently has strategic agreements with [AstraZeneca](#), [Merck](#), [Alexion Pharmaceuticals](#) and [Vertex Pharmaceuticals](#), as well as the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency ([DARPA](#)), an agency of the U.S. Department of Defense; the Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority ([BARDA](#)), a division of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response (ASPR) within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS); and the [Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation](#). To learn more, visit [www.modernatx.com](http://www.modernatx.com).

#### Moderna Contacts:

##### Investors:

Maren Winnick  
617-674-5297

9 📖 What's the tie? DARPA's wishes of Synthetic Biology and Rapid Countermeasure deployments who outside of the DEFUSE project was ALREADY working with Moderna who was ALREADY working with Ralph Baric before the pandemic started! You'll see this truth in DARPA's internal document [unclassified] from 2017 📄



## Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Stefanie Tompkins, Ph.D.  
Acting Deputy Director

NDIA S&ET Conference

April 18, 2017



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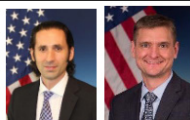
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DIRECTOR



Stefanie Tompkins  
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Ralph Sandfry  
CHIEF OF STAFF



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Dale Waters  
ADAPTIVE EXECUTION



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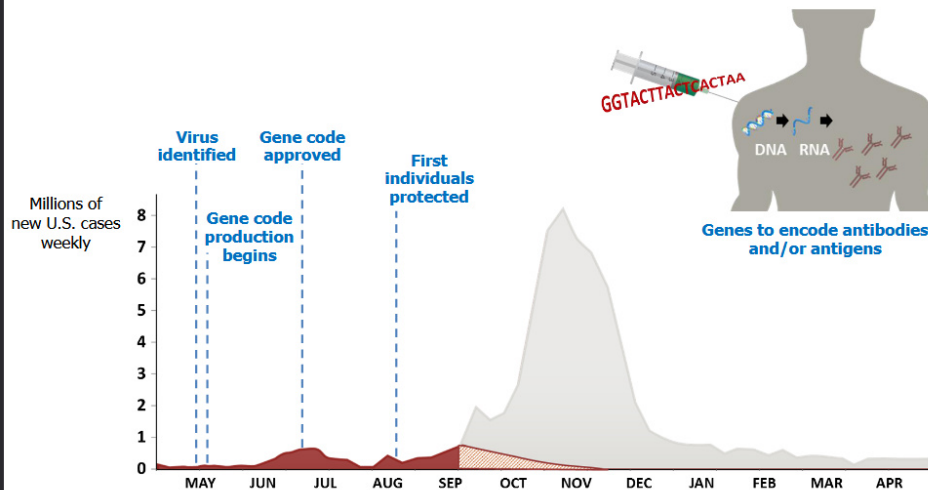
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## Prevent the next pandemic

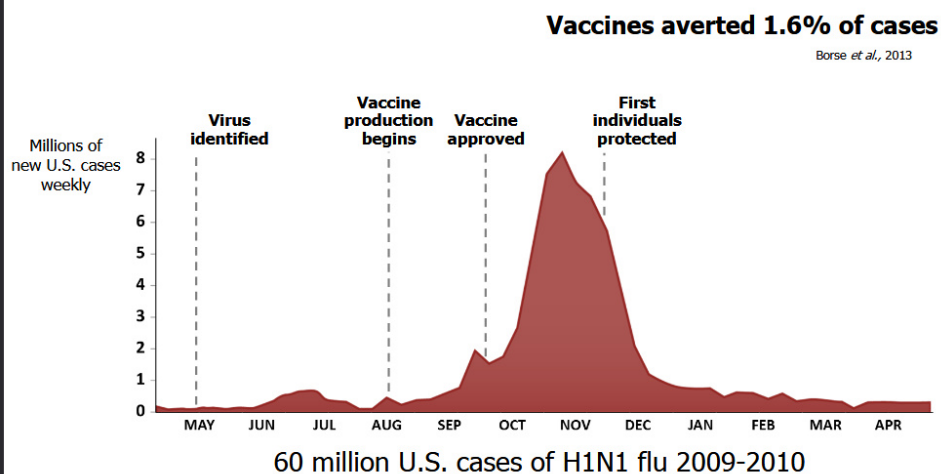


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19



## Autonomous Diagnostics to Enable Prevention and Therapeutics (ADEPT)



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18

10 📖 The reality is DARPA didn't approve the DEFUSE project likely because they realized they didn't need EHA to move forward w/their goals. Eco Health was already deep in w/ USAID [CIA front] & according to Chris Darby of In-Q-Tel in 2019, the intelligence community's top focus was bio-data.

-Eco Health was successful in its role with USAID in China and SE Asia & ADEPT was already making great strides, as was Moderna & Baric.

-So, Baric knew since the 1990's that CoV's could cause Myocarditis in infected mammals that was similar to its presentation in humans.

-The scientific community knew since 2003/4 that SARS vaccines were largely ineffective and that the spike protein and mRNA bio-accumulated in vital organs, like the heart.

-The US's biological research oversight group, the NSABB, knew since 2006/7 that Baric could create a full CoV genome WITHOUT leaving a trace that it was lab altered & NIH knew [because they funded it] that Baric was doing GOF research with Corona-Virologists in Wuhan and w/ EHA.

-The USG KNEW since 2018/2019 that Wuhan Institute of Virology was lacking in their safety regulations [despite being trained by University of TX Medical Branch staff] and they knew the science was ongoing regardless.

-HHS knew that Baric led the forefront on not only the vaccine [Moderna] but also the heavily pushed his Monoclonal antibody "treatment" Remdesivir, which is a FAILED Hept/Ebola/Zika "treatment" and the men who helped him; Mark Denison & Barney Graham all received MILLIONS after the "vaccine rollout" allotted to their establishments for intellectual property rights [Vanderbilt Univ, Vaccine Research Center/NIH]

AND YET... The Peter Daszak Transcript from NOV 2023 has not been released! The recent Fauci transcript has YET TO BE RELEASED. AND RALPH BARIC HAS NEVER HAD TO BE HELD ACCOUNTABLE or properly investigated over C19!

The USG put 5 TRILLION DOLLARS into a "Pandemic Oversight Fund" [the largest financial effort in mankind's history] but they can't afford to investigate this pandemic or vaccine which has Injured and killed people all over the world.

What about those who lost their kids to Myocarditis post vaccination?! You're gonna tell them its all a coincidence and it was "for the greater good?"

Despite what CCN medical correspondent, & freedom-hater, Dr. Leana Wen thinks, WE ARE NOT RABBITS. We are humans who deserve the truth & I shouldn't have to throw my life away to learn all this crap!

I'm not apologizing for the long post- You don't like it then do it yourself. Otherwise, links will be added [if not already on the slides] as a comment to avoid algorithm throttling.

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More Links:

Gates Karolinska 2014:

Pubmed Myocarditis Eval 2022:

DARPA 2017/ADEPT program Unclassified:

Moderna on mRNA +DARPA from 2018 Internal Doc pg 27-57:

Moderna's beginnings 2017 article:

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Jessica Rose & @P\_McCulloughMD 's Jan 2024 paper on Vaccine induced Myocarditis 🔥:

1995 Baric article:ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC CHANGES  
FOLLOWING RABBIT CORONAVIRUS INFECTION

Baric article on CoV induced Myocarditis in Rabbits:

Archive of Pfizer's release statement on Myocarditis:

All other used references are in the Sources Image at the end of the thread. Thank you and God

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